

Atlanta Public Schools/ N. Atlanta Cluster

Bolton Academy

Revised

School Assessment Report

November 10, 2020



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School Executive Summary

The condition of a Campus is the accumulation of the condition evaluations of the component buildings and the site. Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the **UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification**. eCOMET uses parametric estimating methodology whereby historical costs for systems, components and equipment are collected by entities such as RSMeans and converted to unit costs, typically \$/SF, and used to approximate future construction costs or replacement values. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The **Current Replacement Value (CRV)** is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present scope. The **Repair Cost** (the sum of the cost to repair/replace the Deficiencies) represents the budgeted contractor-installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging of the work. **Facility Condition Index (FCI)** is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies (Condition Needs) to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor - beyond service life). The **Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI)** is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's **Remaining Service Life (RSL)** divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired). The relationship between the key metrics FCI and RSLI is an important indicator, at either the facility, building, system, or component levels, of the condition trend and the imminent need for capital renewal. These indices exist in an inverse relationship wherein the FCI increases when systems reach their expected life-cycle age, whereas the RSLI decreases annually indicating the relative time remaining before reaching the life-cycle expiration age. For example, a facility or a system with a high RSLI and a low FCI indicates it is in the early portion of its useful life. However, a low RSLI indicates that expiration dates are approaching at which point the FCI would increase. The term **FCA Score** is the inverse of Total FCI and calculated as $100 - \text{Total FCI}$ (without the %) where 100 is best and 0 is worst condition.

Gross Area (SF):	83,653
Year Built:	2003
Last Renovation:	
Replacement Value:	\$17,176,148
Repair Cost:	\$1,605,145.00
Total FCI:	9.35 %
Total RSLI:	49.86 %
FCA Score:	90.65



Description:

Bolton Academy is located 2268 Adams Drive in Atlanta, Georgia. The two story, 83,653 square foot building was originally constructed in 2003.

This report contains condition and adequacy data collected during the 2019 Facility Condition Assessment (FCA) Update. Detailed condition and deficiency statements are contained in this report for the site and building elements.

A. SUBSTRUCTURE

The building rests on slab-on grade and is assumed to have standard cast-in-place concrete foundations. The building does not have a basement.

B. SUPERSTRUCTURE

Floor construction is metal pan deck with lightweight fill. Roof construction is metal pan deck with lightweight fill. The exterior envelope is composed of walls of brick veneer over CMU. Exterior windows are aluminum frame with operable panes. Exterior doors

School Assessment Report - Bolton Academy

are hollow metal steel mostly with glazing. Roofing is typically low slope built-up. Roof openings include a roof hatch with fixed ladder access. Most building entrances appear to comply with ADA requirements.

C. INTERIORS

Interior partitions are typically CMU. Interior doors are generally solid core wood with hollow metal frames and mostly with glazing. Interior fittings include the following items: white boards, graphics and identifying devices, toilet accessories, storage shelving, handrails, fabricated toilet partitions. The interior wall finishes are typically painted CMU. Floor finishes in common areas are typically vinyl composition tile. Floor finishes in assignable spaces is typically vinyl composition tile., carpet, and Sealed Concrete. Ceiling finishes in common areas are typically suspended acoustical tile. Ceiling finishes in assignable areas are typically suspended acoustical tile.

D. SERVICES

CONVEYING: The building does include conveying equipment. Conveying equipment includes one hydraulic elevators, and no wheelchair lifts.

PLUMBING: Plumbing fixtures are typically low-flow water fixtures with manual control valves. Domestic water distribution is combination of copper and galvanized steel with electric hot water heating. Sanitary waste system is cast iron. Rainwater drainage system is internal with roof drains.

HVAC: Heating is provided by rooftop package units. Cooling is supplied by rooftop package units. The heating/cooling distribution system is a ductwork system utilizing air handling units. Ceiling mounted exhaust fans are installed in bathrooms and other required areas. Controls and instrumentation are digital and are centrally controlled by an energy management system. This building has a remote Building Automation System.

FIRE PROTECTION: The building does have a fire sprinkler system. The building does have a kitchen hood fire suppression system. Fire extinguishers and cabinets are distributed near fire exits and corridors.

ELECTRICAL: The main electrical service is fed from a pole mounted transformer to the main switchboard/distribution panel located in the building. Lighting is lay-in type, fluorescent light fixtures. Branch circuit wiring is typically copper serving electrical switches and receptacles. Emergency and life safety egress lighting systems are installed and exit signs are present at exit doors and near stairways and are typically illuminated.

COMMUNICATIONS AND SECURITY: The fire alarm system consists of audible/visual strobe annunciators in all common spaces. The system is activated by manual pull stations and smoke detectors and the system is centrally monitored. The telephone and data systems are segregated and include dedicated equipment closets. This building does have a local area network (LAN). The building includes an internal security system that is actuated by the following items: contacts, infrared, optical or a combination of all devices. The building has controlled entry doors access provided by card readers; entry doors are secured with magnetic door locks. The security system has CCTV cameras and is centrally monitored; this building has a public address and paging system combined with the telephone system.

OTHER ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS: This building does not have a separately derived emergency power system. There is no natural gas emergency generator.

E. EQUIPMENT & FURNISHINGS

This building includes the following items and equipment: fixed food service, library equipment, fixed casework, window treatment, floor grilles and mats, and multiple seating furnishings.

G. SITE

Campus site features include paved driveways and parking lots, pedestrian pavement, flagpole, landscaping, play areas, and fencing. Site mechanical and electrical features include water, sewer, natural gas and site lighting.

CODE REVIEW

ACCESSIBILITY: The building is generally in compliance with applicable ADA requirements with respect to path of travel, interior and exterior doors, interior signage, and toilet room dimensions, fixtures, and fittings. Most building entrances appear to comply with ADA requirements.

LIFE-SAFETY SYSTEMS: The building is not covered with a wet sprinkler system. Fire extinguishers are located throughout the building. Power outlets in wet areas are GFIC protected. The fire alarm system includes detection devices, audio/visual alarms, and pull stations. Emergency/egress lighting is a combination of battery and special circuit systems. Illuminated exit signage is present in corridors and at exit doors. There is no fall protection at the roof.

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Attributes:

General Attributes:

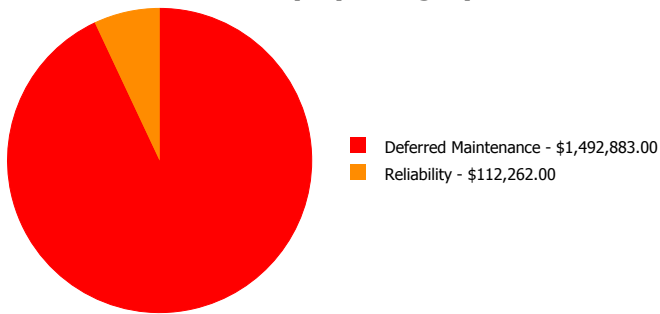
Arch Condition Assessor:	Eduardo Lopez	MEP Condition Assessor:	Homero Guerrero
School Grades:	01, 02, 03, 04, 05, KK, PK	DOE Drawing Total GSF:	83653
DOE Facility Number:	0303	Total # of Modular/Portables:	0
DOE Interior Site SF:	83653	Total GSF of Modular/Portables:	0
Approx. Acres:	4	Status:	Active

School Dashboard Summary

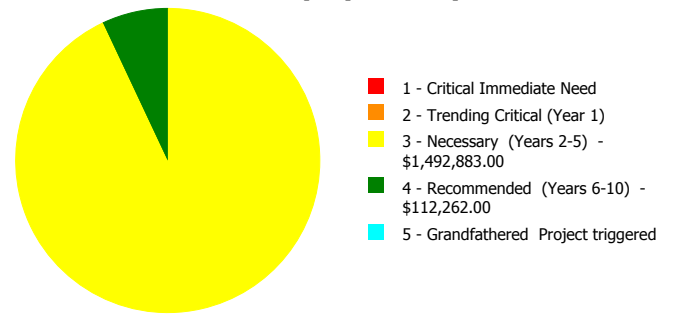
Gross Area: 83,653
 Year Built: 2003
 Repair Cost: \$1,605,145
 FCI: 9.35 %

Last Renovation:
 Replacement Value: \$17,176,148
 RSLI%: 49.86 %

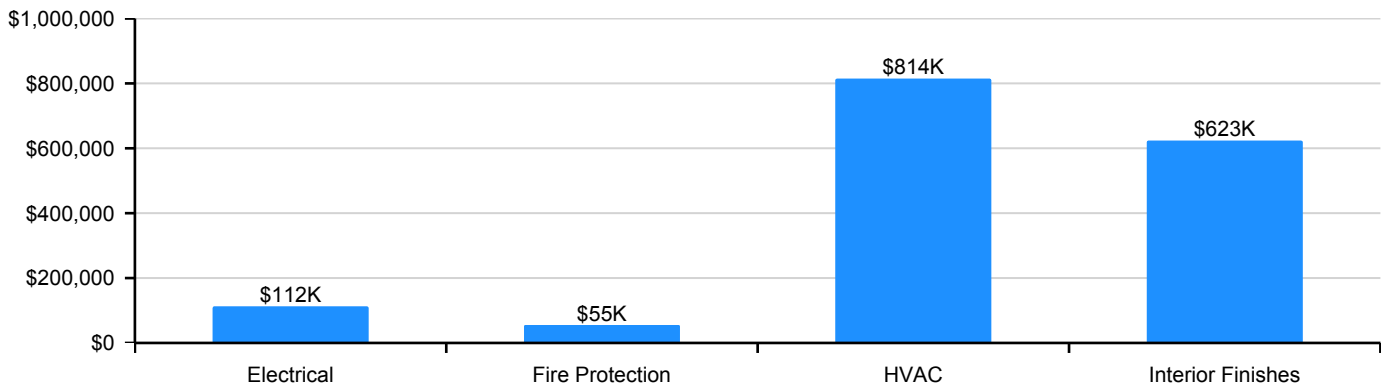
Deficiency By Category



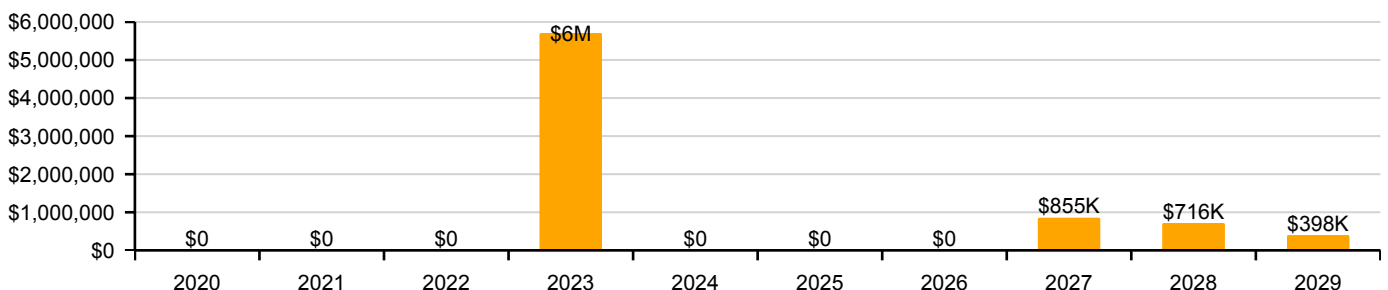
Deficiency By Priority



Deficiency By System



10 Year Investment Forecast



School Condition Summary

The Table below shows the RSLI and FCI for each major system shown at the UNIFORMAT II classification Level 2. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

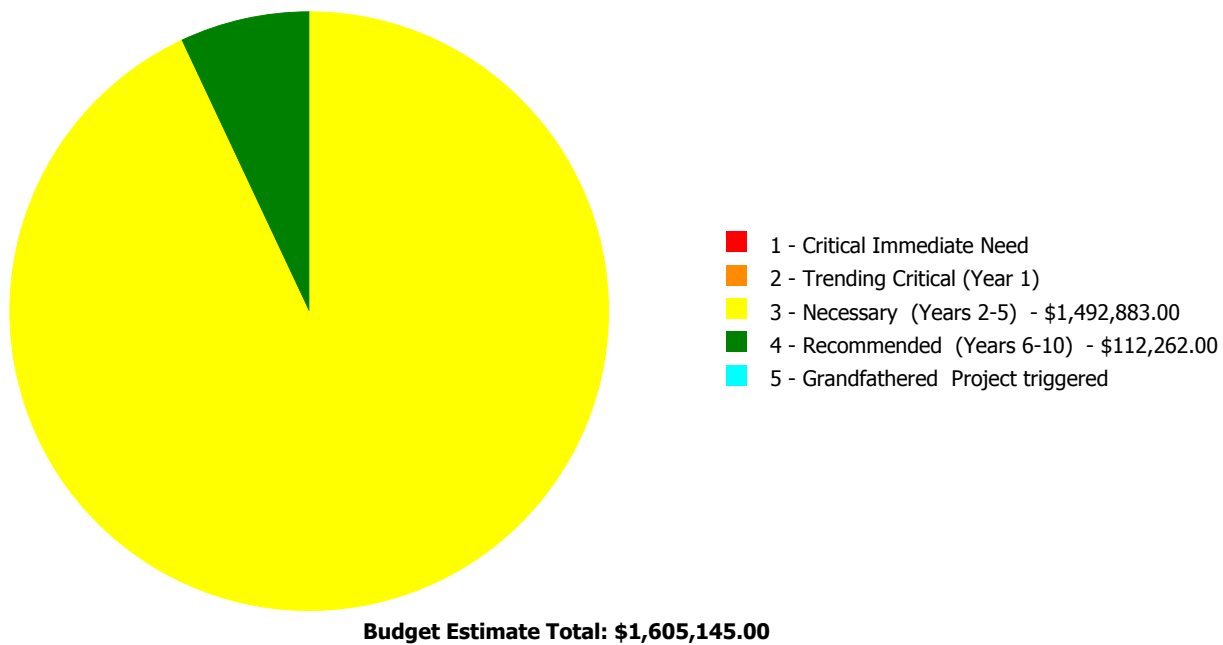
Current Investment Requirement and Condition by Unifomat Classification

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI%	FCI %	Current Repair
A10 - Foundations	84.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B10 - Superstructure	84.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	68.84 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B30 - Roofing	33.07 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C10 - Interior Construction	62.37 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C20 - Stairs	84.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C30 - Interior Finishes	12.62 %	45.24 %	\$623,310.00
D10 - Conveying	20.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D20 - Plumbing	27.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D30 - HVAC	34.57 %	32.70 %	\$814,362.00
D40 - Fire Protection	41.09 %	13.15 %	\$55,211.00
D50 - Electrical	21.45 %	5.96 %	\$112,262.00
E10 - Equipment	20.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
E20 - Furnishings	20.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
G20 - Site Improvements	45.12 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
G30 - Site Mechanical Utilities	68.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
G40 - Site Electrical Utilities	46.67 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
Totals:	49.86 %	9.35 %	\$1,605,145.00

Condition Deficiency Priority

Facility Name	Gross Area (S.F.)	FCI %	1 - Critical Immediate Need	2 - Trending Critical (Year 1)	3 - Necessary (Years 2-5)	4 - Recommended (Years 6-10)	5 - Grandfathered Project triggered
2003 Bldg 2010	83,653	10.99	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,492,883.00	\$112,262.00	\$0.00
Site	83,653	0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Total:		9.35	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,492,883.00	\$112,262.00	\$0.00

Deficiencies By Priority



Executive Summary

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Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The **Current Replacement Value (CRV)** is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present scope. The **Repair Cost** (the sum of the cost to repair/replace the Deficiencies) represents the budgeted contractor-installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging of the work. **Facility Condition Index (FCI)** is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies (Condition Needs) to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor - beyond service life). The **Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI)** is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's **Remaining Service Life (RSL)** divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired). The relationship between the key metrics FCI and RSLI is an important indicator, at either the facility, building, system, or component levels, of the condition trend and the imminent need for capital renewal. These indices exist in an inverse relationship wherein the FCI increases when systems reach their expected life-cycle age, whereas the RSLI decreases annually indicating the relative time remaining before reaching the life-cycle expiration age. For example, a facility or a system with a high RSLI and a low FCI indicates it is in the early portion of its useful life. However, a low RSLI indicates that expiration dates are approaching at which point the FCI would increase. The term **FCA Score** is the inverse of Total FCI and calculated as $100 - \text{Total FCI}$ (without the %) where 100 is best and 0 is worst condition.

Function:	Elementary
Gross Area (SF):	83,653
Year Built:	2003
Last Renovation:	
Replacement Value:	\$14,611,346
Repair Cost:	\$1,605,145.00
Total FCI:	10.99 %
Total RSLI:	50.04 %
FCA Score:	89.01



Description:

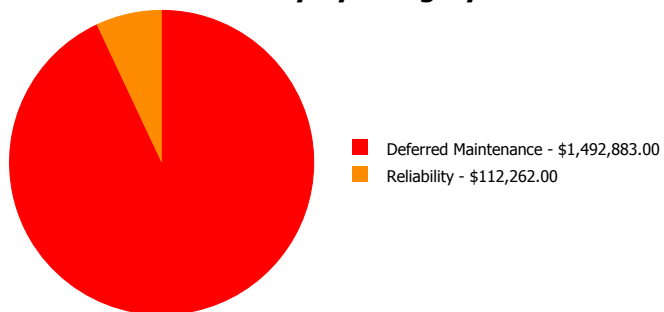
The narrative for this building is included in the Executive Summary Description at the front of this report.

Attributes: This asset has no attributes.

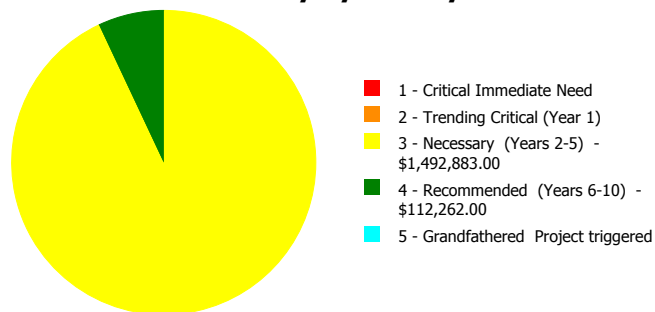
Dashboard Summary

Function:	Elementary	Gross Area:	83,653
Year Built:	2003	Last Renovation:	
Repair Cost:	\$1,605,145	Replacement Value:	\$14,611,346
FCI:	10.99 %	RSLI%:	50.04 %

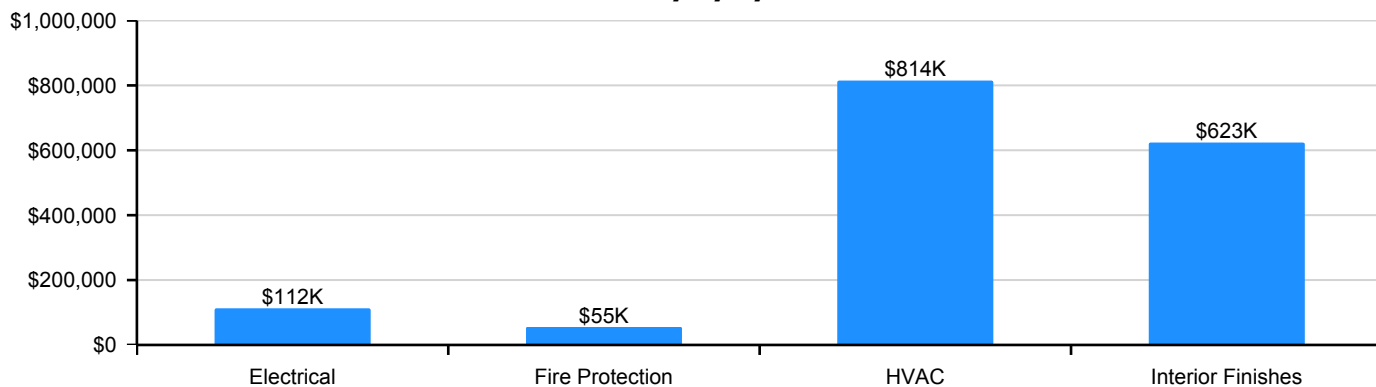
Deficiency By Category



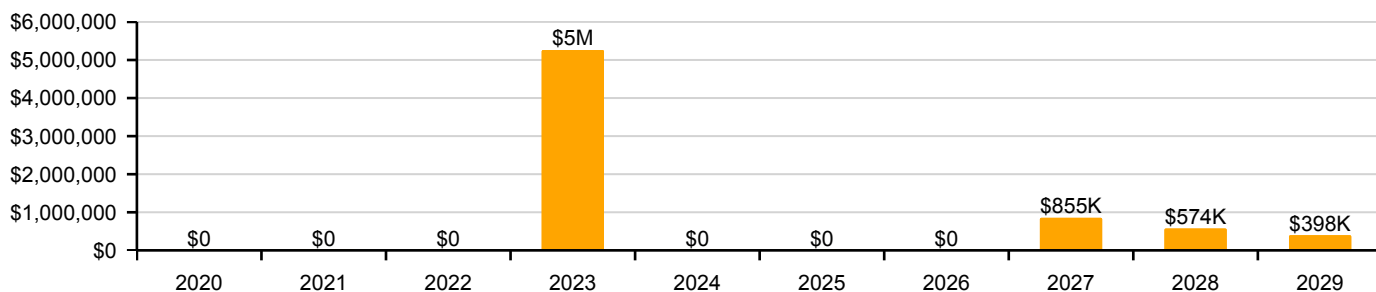
Deficiency By Priority



Deficiency By System



10 Year Investment Forecast



Condition Summary

The Table below shows the RSLI and FCI for each major building system shown at the UNIFORMAT II classification Level 2. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI %	FCI %	Current Repair Cost
A10 - Foundations	84.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B10 - Superstructure	84.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	68.84 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
B30 - Roofing	33.07 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C10 - Interior Construction	62.37 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C20 - Stairs	84.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
C30 - Interior Finishes	12.62 %	45.24 %	\$623,310.00
D10 - Conveying	20.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D20 - Plumbing	27.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
D30 - HVAC	34.57 %	32.70 %	\$814,362.00
D40 - Fire Protection	41.09 %	13.15 %	\$55,211.00
D50 - Electrical	21.45 %	5.96 %	\$112,262.00
E10 - Equipment	20.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
E20 - Furnishings	20.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
Totals:	50.04 %	10.99 %	\$1,605,145.00

Photo Album

The photo album consists of the various cardinal compass directions of the building..

1). East Elevation - Oct 14, 2019



2). South Elevation - Oct 14, 2019



3). South Elevation - Oct 14, 2019



4). West Elevation - Oct 14, 2019



5). Northwest Elevation - Oct 14, 2019



6). North Elevation - Oct 14, 2019



7). Northeast Elevation - Oct 14, 2019



Condition Detail

This section of the report contains results of the Facility Condition Assessment. The building is separated into system components based on UNIFORMAT II. The columns in the System Listing table represent the following:

1. System Code: A code that identifies the system.
2. System Description: A brief description of a system present in the building.
3. Unit Price \$: The unit price of the system.
4. UoM: The unit of measure of the system.
5. Qty: The quantity for the system
6. Life: Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) recommended system design life.
7. Year Installed: The date of system installation.
8. Calc Next Renewal Year: The date of system expiration based on the life, NR stands for non renewable.
9. Next Renewal Year: The suggested system expiration date by the assessor based on visual inspection.
10. RSLI: The Remaining Service Life Index of the system.
11. FCI: The Facility Condition Index of the system.
12. RSL: Remaining Service Life in years.
13. eCR: eCOMET Condition Rating (not used in this assessment)
14. Deficiency \$: The financial investment to repair/replace system to address deficiency.
15. Replacement Value \$: The replacement cost of the system as new construction.

System Listing

The System Listing table below lists each of the systems organized by their UNIFORMAT II classification. The assessment team was tasked with recording the most recent replacement year of each system, determining the remaining service life based on the theoretical life, and evaluating the condition to confirm the forecast next replacement year. The system listing is the basis for all data contained in the Building Assessment Report.

System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed	Calc Next Renewal Year	Next Renewal Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
A1010	Standard Foundations	\$7.37	S.F.	83,653	100	2003	2103		84.00 %	0.00 %	84			\$616,523
A1030	Slab on Grade	\$6.22	S.F.	83,653	100	2003	2103		84.00 %	0.00 %	84			\$520,322
B1010	Floor Construction	\$18.73	S.F.	83,653	100	2003	2103		84.00 %	0.00 %	84			\$1,566,821
B1020	Roof Construction	\$12.10	S.F.	83,653	100	2003	2103		84.00 %	0.00 %	84			\$1,012,201
B2010	Exterior Walls	\$13.80	S.F.	83,653	100	2003	2103		84.00 %	0.00 %	84			\$1,154,411
B2020	Exterior Windows	\$8.60	S.F.	83,653	30	2003	2033		46.67 %	0.00 %	14			\$719,416
B2030	Exterior Doors	\$0.84	S.F.	83,653	30	2003	2033		46.67 %	0.00 %	14			\$70,269
B3010105	Built-Up	\$7.15	S.F.	56,120	25	2002	2027		32.00 %	0.00 %	8			\$401,258
B3020	Roof Openings	\$0.50	S.F.	83,653	30	2002	2032		43.33 %	0.00 %	13			\$41,827
C1010	Partitions	\$5.59	S.F.	83,653	100	2003	2103		84.00 %	0.00 %	84			\$467,620
C1020	Interior Doors	\$3.65	S.F.	83,653	40	2003	2043		60.00 %	0.00 %	24			\$305,333
C1030	Fittings	\$2.65	S.F.	83,653	20	2003	2023		20.00 %	0.00 %	4			\$221,680
C2010	Stair Construction	\$2.83	S.F.	83,653	100	2003	2103		84.00 %	0.00 %	84			\$236,738
C3010220	Tile	\$9.25	S.F.	1,068	30	2003	2033		46.67 %	0.00 %	14			\$9,879
C3010230	Paint & Covering	\$1.47	S.F.	82,585	10	2003	2013		0.00 %	0.00 %	-6			\$121,400
C3020405	Epoxy	\$17.30	S.F.	2,235	15	2003	2018		0.00 %	118.00 %	-1		\$45,625.00	\$38,666
C3020420	Ceramic Tile	\$16.74	S.F.	1,068	50	2003	2053		68.00 %	0.00 %	34			\$17,878
C3020901	Carpet	\$7.50	S.F.	5,412	8	2003	2011		0.00 %	110.00 %	-8		\$44,649.00	\$40,590
C3020903	VCT	\$3.48	S.F.	68,700	15	2003	2018		0.00 %	155.00 %	-1		\$370,568.00	\$239,076
C3020999	Other - Rubber or Neoprene	\$26.67	S.F.	5,538	10	2003	2013		0.00 %	110.00 %	-6		\$162,468.00	\$147,698
C3020999	Other - Wood	\$13.79	S.F.	700	50	2003	2053		68.00 %	0.00 %	34			\$9,653
C3030	Ceiling Finishes	\$9.00	S.F.	83,653	20	2003	2023		20.00 %	0.00 %	4			\$752,877
D1010	Elevators and Lifts	\$1.25	S.F.	83,653	20	2003	2023		20.00 %	0.00 %	4			\$104,566
D2010	Plumbing Fixtures	\$6.37	S.F.	83,653	20	2003	2023		20.00 %	0.00 %	4			\$532,870
D2020	Domestic Water Distribution	\$0.72	S.F.	83,653	30	2003	2033		46.67 %	0.00 %	14			\$60,230
D2030	Sanitary Waste	\$1.69	S.F.	83,653	30	2003	2033		46.67 %	0.00 %	14			\$141,374
D2040	Rain Water Drainage	\$0.40	S.F.	83,653	20	2003	2023		20.00 %	0.00 %	4			\$33,461
D3010	Energy Supply	\$0.61	S.F.	83,653	50	2003	2053		68.00 %	0.00 %	34			\$51,028
D3020	Heat Generating Systems	\$3.60	S.F.	83,653	20	2015	2035		80.00 %	0.00 %	16			\$301,151
D3030	Cooling Generating Systems	\$6.09	S.F.	83,653	20	2015	2035		80.00 %	0.00 %	16			\$509,447
D3040	Distribution Systems	\$10.62	S.F.	83,653	20	2003	2023		20.00 %	0.00 %	4			\$888,395
D3050	Terminal & Package Units	\$6.65	S.F.	83,653	15	2003	2018		0.00 %	110.00 %	-1		\$611,922.00	\$556,292

School Assessment Report - 2003 Bldg 2010

System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed	Calc Next Renewal Year	Next Renewal Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
D3060	Controls & Instrumentation	\$2.20	S.F.	83,653	15	2003	2018		0.00 %	110.00 %	-1		\$202,440.00	\$184,037
D4010	Sprinklers	\$4.08	S.F.	83,653	30	2003	2033		46.67 %	0.00 %	14			\$341,304
D4020	Standpipes	\$0.34	S.F.	83,653	30	2003	2033		46.67 %	0.00 %	14			\$28,442
D4090	Other Fire Protection Systems	\$0.60	S.F.	83,653	15	2003	2018		0.00 %	110.00 %	-1		\$55,211.00	\$50,192
D5010	Electrical Service/Distribution	\$2.30	S.F.	83,653	20	2003	2023		20.00 %	0.00 %	4			\$192,402
D5020	Branch Wiring	\$4.48	S.F.	83,653	20	2003	2023		20.00 %	0.00 %	4			\$374,765
D5020	Lighting	\$6.71	S.F.	83,653	20	2003	2023		20.00 %	0.00 %	4			\$561,312
D5030810	Security & Detection Systems	\$1.51	Ea.	83,653	20	2003	2023		20.00 %	0.00 %	4			\$126,316
D5030910	Fire Alarm Systems	\$2.74	S.F.	83,653	20	2003	2023		20.00 %	0.00 %	4			\$229,209
D5030920	Data Communication	\$3.56	S.F.	83,653	25	2003	2028		36.00 %	0.00 %	9			\$297,805
D5090	Other Electrical Systems	\$1.22	S.F.	83,653	15			2013	0.00 %	110.00 %	-6		\$112,262.00	\$102,057
E1020	Institutional Equipment	\$0.09	S.F.	83,653	20	2003	2023		20.00 %	0.00 %	4			\$7,529
E1090	Other Equipment	\$0.78	S.F.	83,653	20	2003	2023		20.00 %	0.00 %	4			\$65,249
E2010	Fixed Furnishings	\$1.91	S.F.	83,653	20	2003	2023		20.00 %	0.00 %	4			\$159,777
Total									50.04 %	10.99 %			\$1,605,145.00	\$14,611,346

System Notes

The facility description in the executive summary contains an overview of each system. The system notes listed below provide additional information on select systems found within the facility.

System: B1020 - Roof Construction



Note:

System: B2010 - Exterior Walls



Note:

System: B2020 - Exterior Windows



Note:

School Assessment Report - 2003 Bldg 2010

System: B2030 - Exterior Doors



Note:

System: B3010105 - Built-Up



Note:

System: B3020 - Roof Openings



Note:

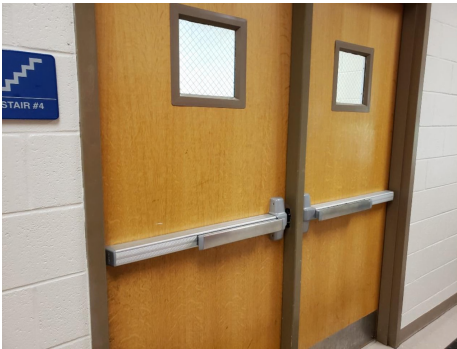
School Assessment Report - 2003 Bldg 2010

System: C1010 - Partitions



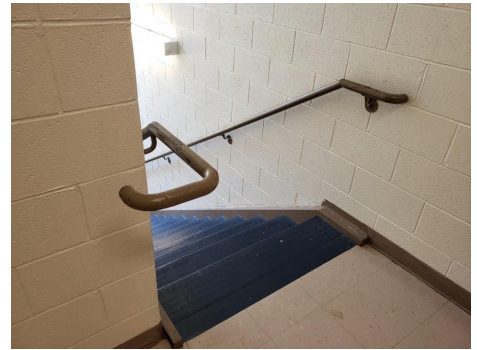
Note:

System: C1020 - Interior Doors



Note:

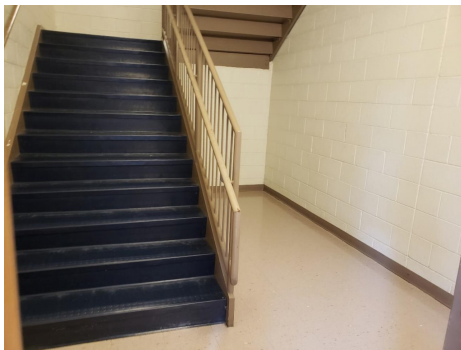
System: C1030 - Fittings



Note:

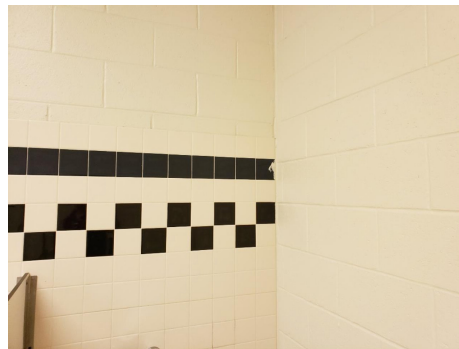
School Assessment Report - 2003 Bldg 2010

System: C2010 - Stair Construction



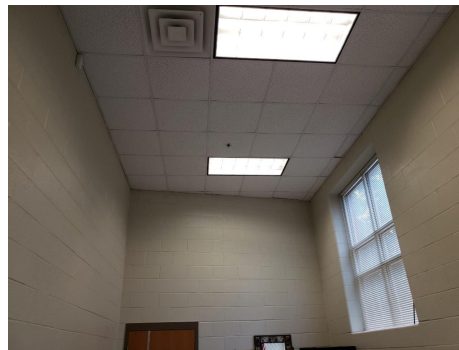
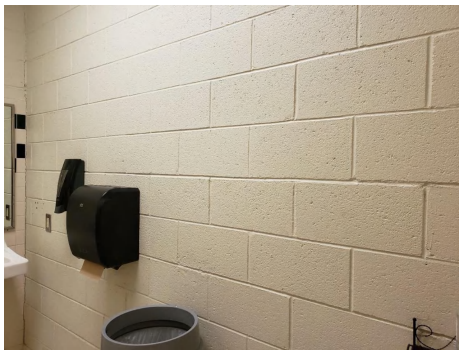
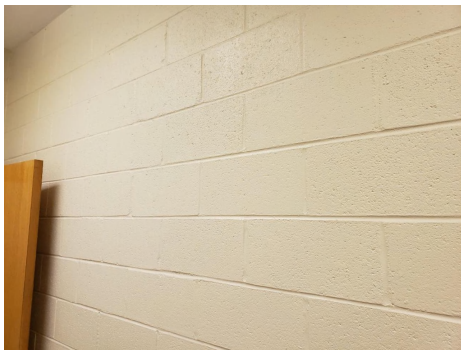
Note:

System: C3010220 - Tile



Note:

System: C3010230 - Paint & Covering



Note:

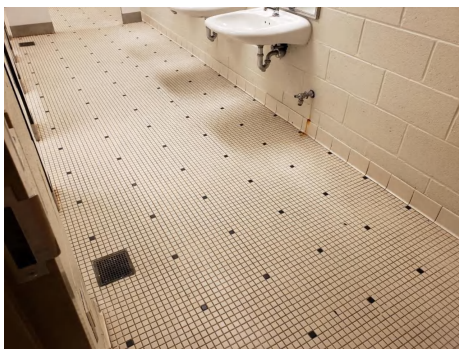
School Assessment Report - 2003 Bldg 2010

System: C3020405 - Epoxy



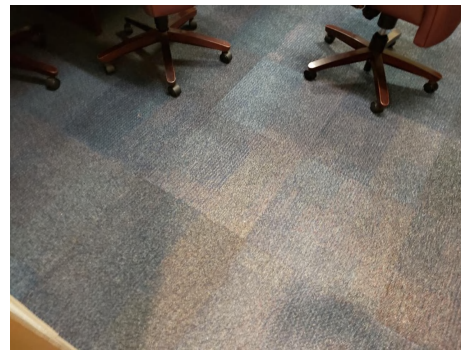
Note:

System: C3020420 - Ceramic Tile



Note:

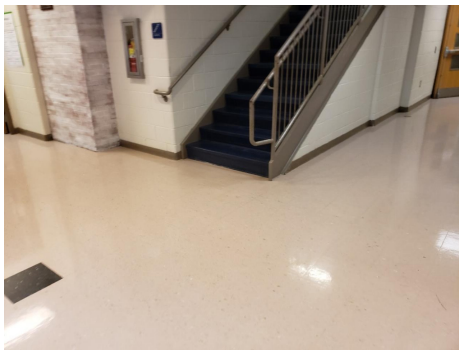
System: C3020901 - Carpet



Note:

School Assessment Report - 2003 Bldg 2010

System: C3020903 - VCT



Note:

System: C3020999 - Other - Rubber or Neoprene



Note:

System: C3020999 - Other - Wood



Note:

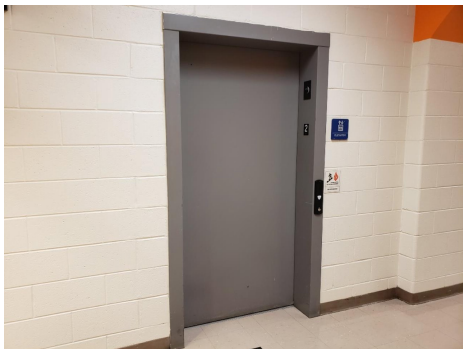
School Assessment Report - 2003 Bldg 2010

System: C3030 - Ceiling Finishes



Note:

System: D1010 - Elevators and Lifts



Note:

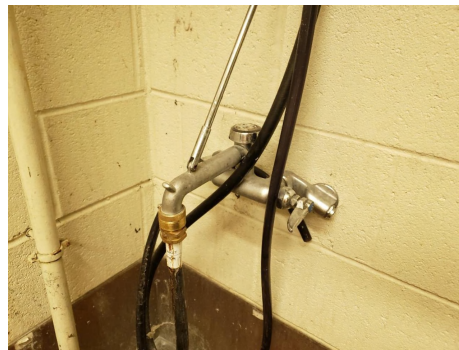
System: D2010 - Plumbing Fixtures



Note:

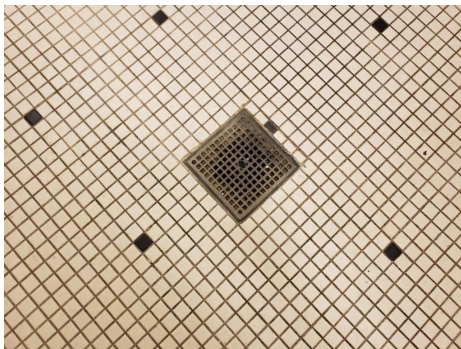
School Assessment Report - 2003 Bldg 2010

System: D2020 - Domestic Water Distribution



Note:

System: D2030 - Sanitary Waste



Note:

System: D2040 - Rain Water Drainage



Note:

School Assessment Report - 2003 Bldg 2010

System: D3020 - Heat Generating Systems



Note:

System: D3030 - Cooling Generating Systems



Note:

System: D3040 - Distribution Systems



Note:

School Assessment Report - 2003 Bldg 2010

System: D3050 - Terminal & Package Units



Note:

System: D3060 - Controls & Instrumentation



Note:

System: D4010 - Sprinklers



Note:

School Assessment Report - 2003 Bldg 2010

System: D4020 - Standpipes



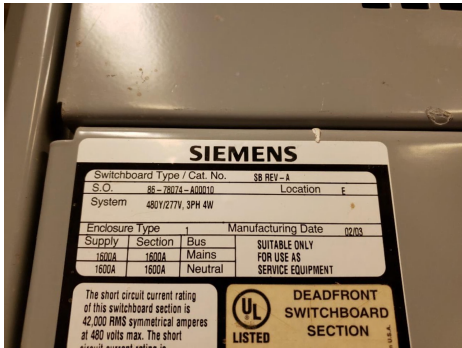
Note:

System: D4090 - Other Fire Protection Systems



Note:

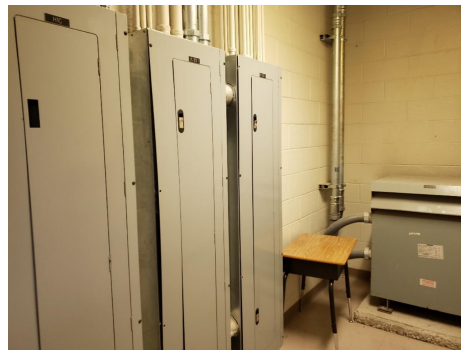
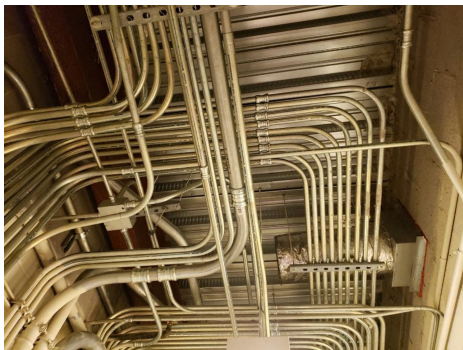
System: D5010 - Electrical Service/Distribution



Note:

School Assessment Report - 2003 Bldg 2010

System: D5020 - Branch Wiring



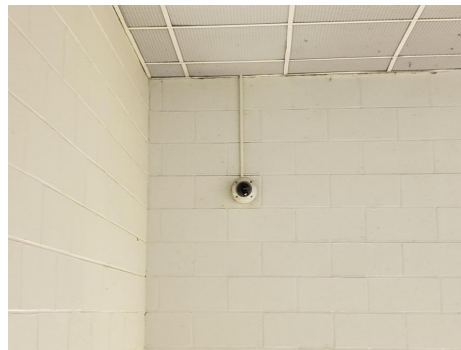
Note:

System: D5020 - Lighting



Note:

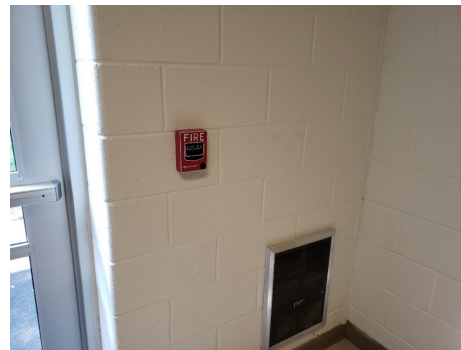
System: D5030810 - Security & Detection Systems



Note:

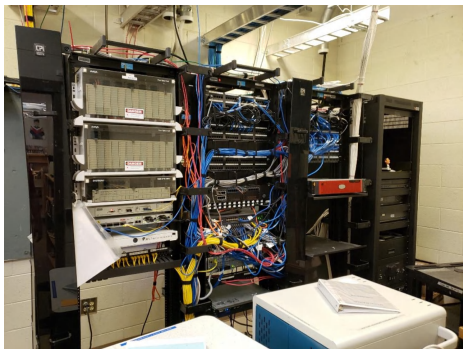
School Assessment Report - 2003 Bldg 2010

System: D5030910 - Fire Alarm Systems



Note:

System: D5030920 - Data Communication



Note:

System: E1020 - Institutional Equipment



Note:

School Assessment Report - 2003 Bldg 2010

System: E1090 - Other Equipment



Note:

System: E2010 - Fixed Furnishings



Note:

Renewal Schedule

eCOMET forecasts future Capital Renewal projects for expiring systems based on the Calculated Next Renewal year found in the System Listing table. There is a 3% yearly inflation factor applied to the system costs expiring in the future. The table below reflects Capital Renewal projects over the next 10 years. Note: Blank cells (or \$0) indicate no systems are scheduled for renewal in that year.

Inflation Rate: 3%

System	Current Deficiencies	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	Total
Total:	\$1,605,145	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,262,260	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$854,593	\$573,901	\$397,810	\$8,693,709
* A - Substructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A10 - Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1010 - Standard Foundations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* A1030 - Slab on Grade	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B - Shell	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B10 - Superstructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B1010 - Floor Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B1020 - Roof Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B20 - Exterior Enclosure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* B2010 - Exterior Walls	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B2020 - Exterior Windows	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B2030 - Exterior Doors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B30 - Roofing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010 - Roof Coverings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
B3010105 - Built-Up	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$798,033	\$0	\$0	\$798,033
B3020 - Roof Openings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C - Interiors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C10 - Interior Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1010 - Partitions	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1020 - Interior Doors	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C1030 - Fittings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$274,453	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$274,453
C20 - Stairs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* C2010 - Stair Construction	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C30 - Interior Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3010 - Wall Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

School Assessment Report - 2003 Bldg 2010

System	Current Deficiencies	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	Total
C3010220 - Tile	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3010230 - Paint & Covering	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$179,467	\$179,467
C3020 - Floor Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020405 - Epoxy	\$45,625	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$45,625
C3020420 - Ceramic Tile	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3020901 - Carpet	\$44,649	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$56,560	\$0	\$0	\$101,209
C3020903 - VCT	\$370,568	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$370,568
C3020999 - Other - Rubber or Neoprene	\$162,468	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$218,343	\$380,811
C3020999 - Other - Wood	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
C3030 - Ceiling Finishes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$932,107	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$932,107
D - Services	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D10 - Conveying	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D1010 - Elevators and Lifts	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$129,459	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$129,459
D20 - Plumbing	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2010 - Plumbing Fixtures	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$659,725	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$659,725
D2020 - Domestic Water Distribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2030 - Sanitary Waste	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D2040 - Rain Water Drainage	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$41,427	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$41,427
D30 - HVAC	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3010 - Energy Supply	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3020 - Heat Generating Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3030 - Cooling Generating Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D3040 - Distribution Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,099,885	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,099,885
D3050 - Terminal & Package Units	\$611,922	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$611,922
D3060 - Controls & Instrumentation	\$202,440	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$202,440
D40 - Fire Protection	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D4010 - Sprinklers	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D4020 - Standpipes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D4090 - Other Fire Protection Systems	\$55,211	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$55,211
D50 - Electrical	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5010 - Electrical Service/Distribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$238,205	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$238,205
D5020 - Branch Wiring	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$463,982	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$463,982

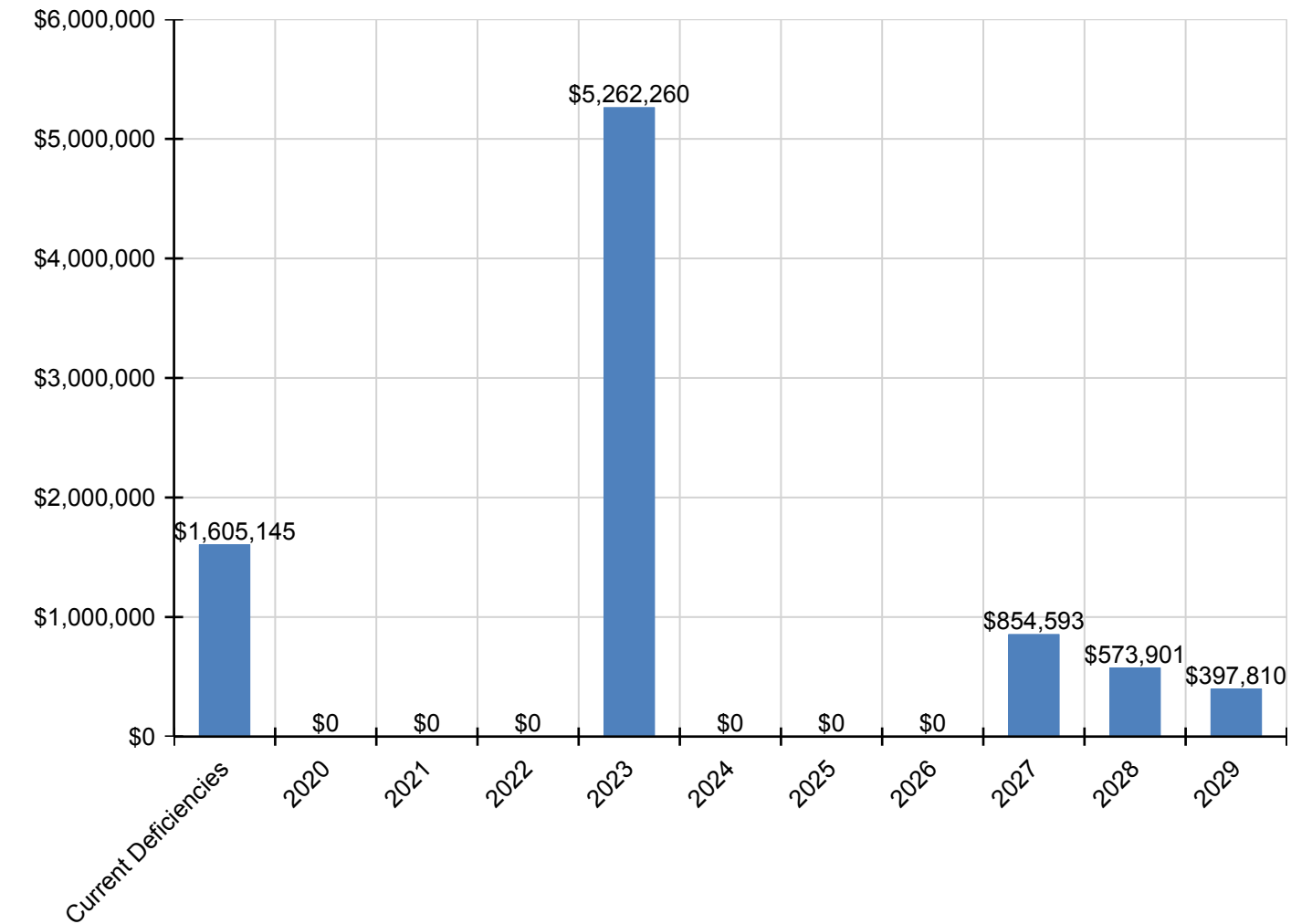
School Assessment Report - 2003 Bldg 2010

System	Current Deficiencies	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	Total
D5020 - Lighting	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$694,938	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$694,938
D5030 - Communications and Security	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
D5030810 - Security & Detection Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$156,387	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$156,387
D5030910 - Fire Alarm Systems	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$283,775	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$283,775
D5030920 - Data Communication	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$427,424	\$0	\$427,424
D5090 - Other Electrical Systems	\$112,262	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$146,476	\$0	\$258,738
E - Equipment & Furnishings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E10 - Equipment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E1020 - Institutional Equipment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$9,321	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$9,321
E1090 - Other Equipment	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$80,782	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$80,782
E20 - Furnishings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
E2010 - Fixed Furnishings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$197,814	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$197,814

* Indicates non-renewable system

Forecasted Capital Renewal Requirement

The following chart shows the current building deficiencies and forecasted capital renewal (sustainment) requirements over the next ten years.

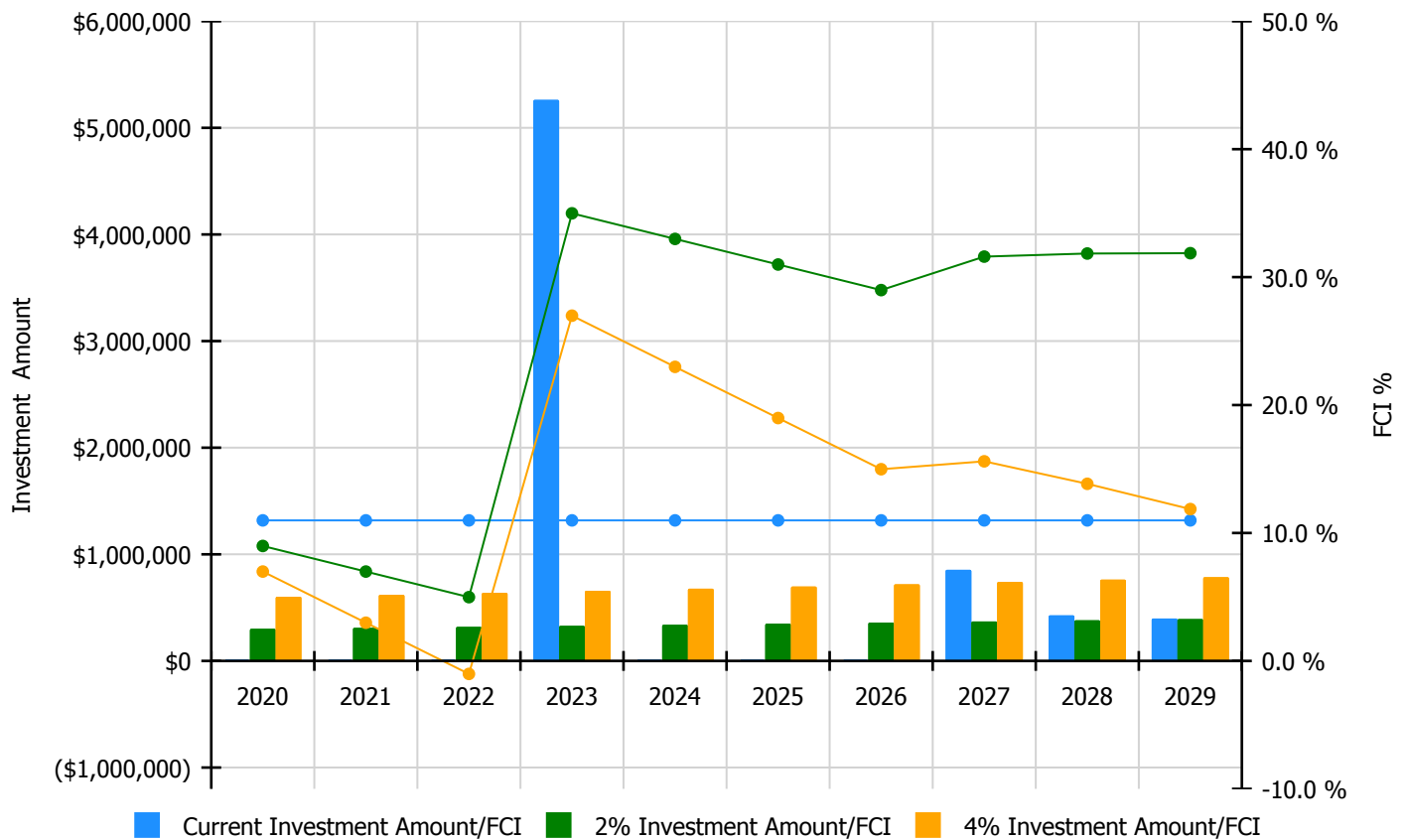


Condition Index Forecast by Investment Scenario

The chart below illustrates the effect of various investment levels on the building FCI for the next 10 years. The levels of investment shown below include:

- Current FCI: a variable investment amount based on renewing expired systems to maintain the current FCI for the building
- 2% Investment: an annual investment of 2% of the replacement value of the building, escalated for inflation
- 4% Investment: an annual investment of 4% of the replacement value of the building, escalated for inflation

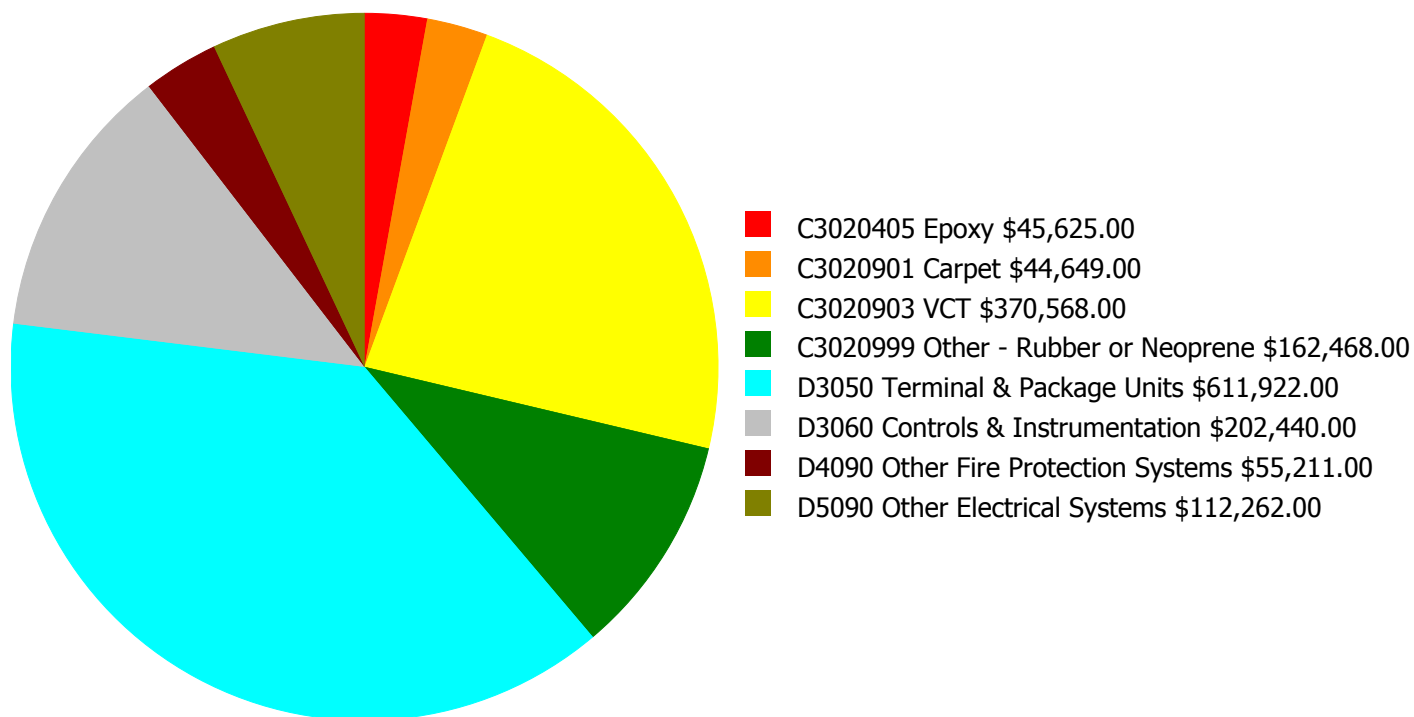
Facility Investment vs. FCI Forecast



Year	Investment Amount Current FCI - 10.99%	2% Investment		4% Investment	
		Amount	FCI	Amount	FCI
2020	\$0	\$300,994.00	8.99 %	\$601,987.00	6.99 %
2021	\$0	\$310,024.00	6.99 %	\$620,047.00	2.99 %
2022	\$0	\$319,324.00	4.99 %	\$638,648.00	-1.01 %
2023	\$5,262,260	\$328,904.00	34.98 %	\$657,808.00	26.98 %
2024	\$0	\$338,771.00	32.98 %	\$677,542.00	22.98 %
2025	\$0	\$348,934.00	30.98 %	\$697,868.00	18.98 %
2026	\$0	\$359,402.00	28.98 %	\$718,805.00	14.98 %
2027	\$854,593	\$370,184.00	31.60 %	\$740,369.00	15.60 %
2028	\$427,424	\$381,290.00	31.84 %	\$762,580.00	13.84 %
2029	\$397,810	\$392,729.00	31.87 %	\$785,457.00	11.87 %
Total:	\$6,942,088	\$3,450,556.00		\$6,901,111.00	

Deficiency Summary by System

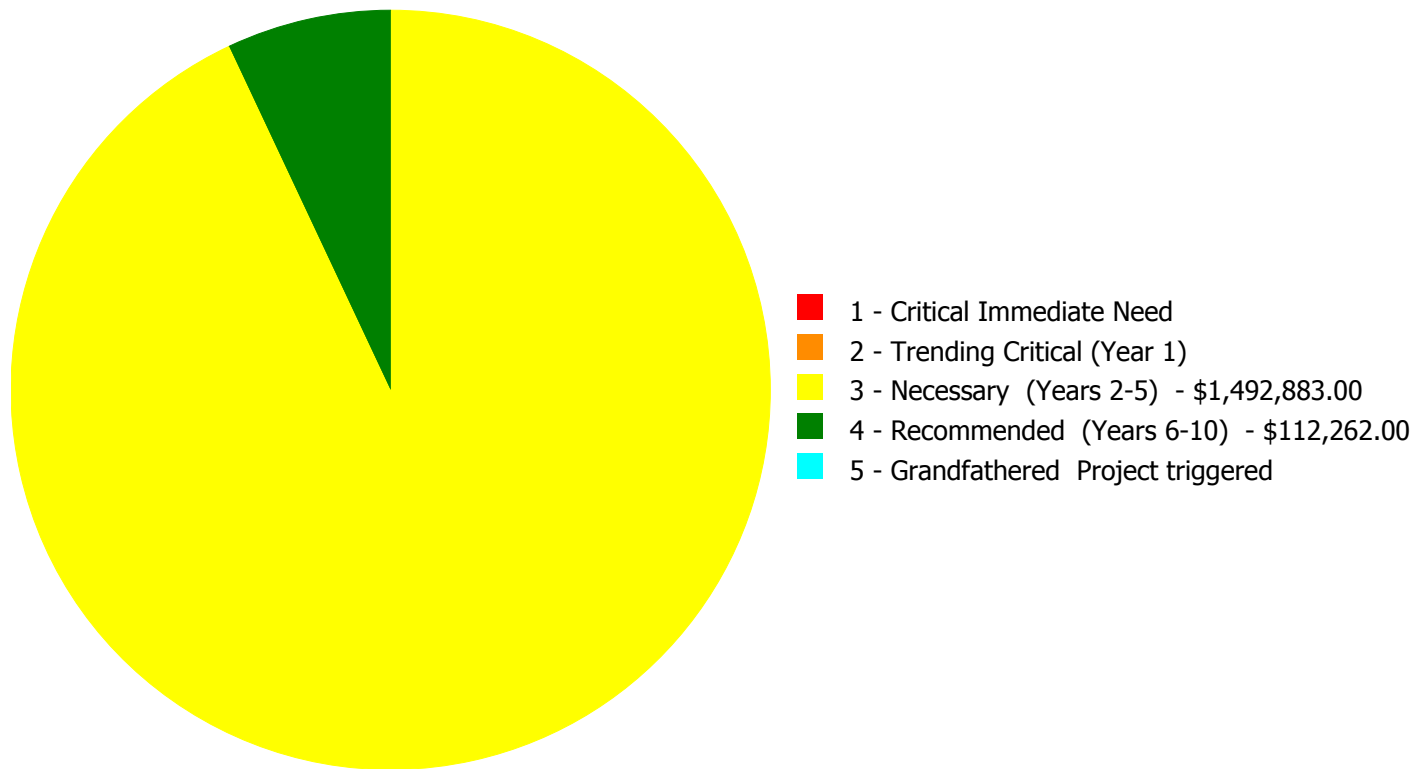
Current deficiencies included assemblies that have reached or exceeded their design life or components of the assemblies that are in need of repair. Assemblies that have reached their design life are identified as current deficiencies and assigned the distress 'Beyond Useful Life'. The following chart lists all current deficiencies associated with this facility.



Budget Estimate Total: \$1,605,145.00

Deficiency Summary by Priority

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by priority. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:



Budget Estimate Total: \$1,605,145.00

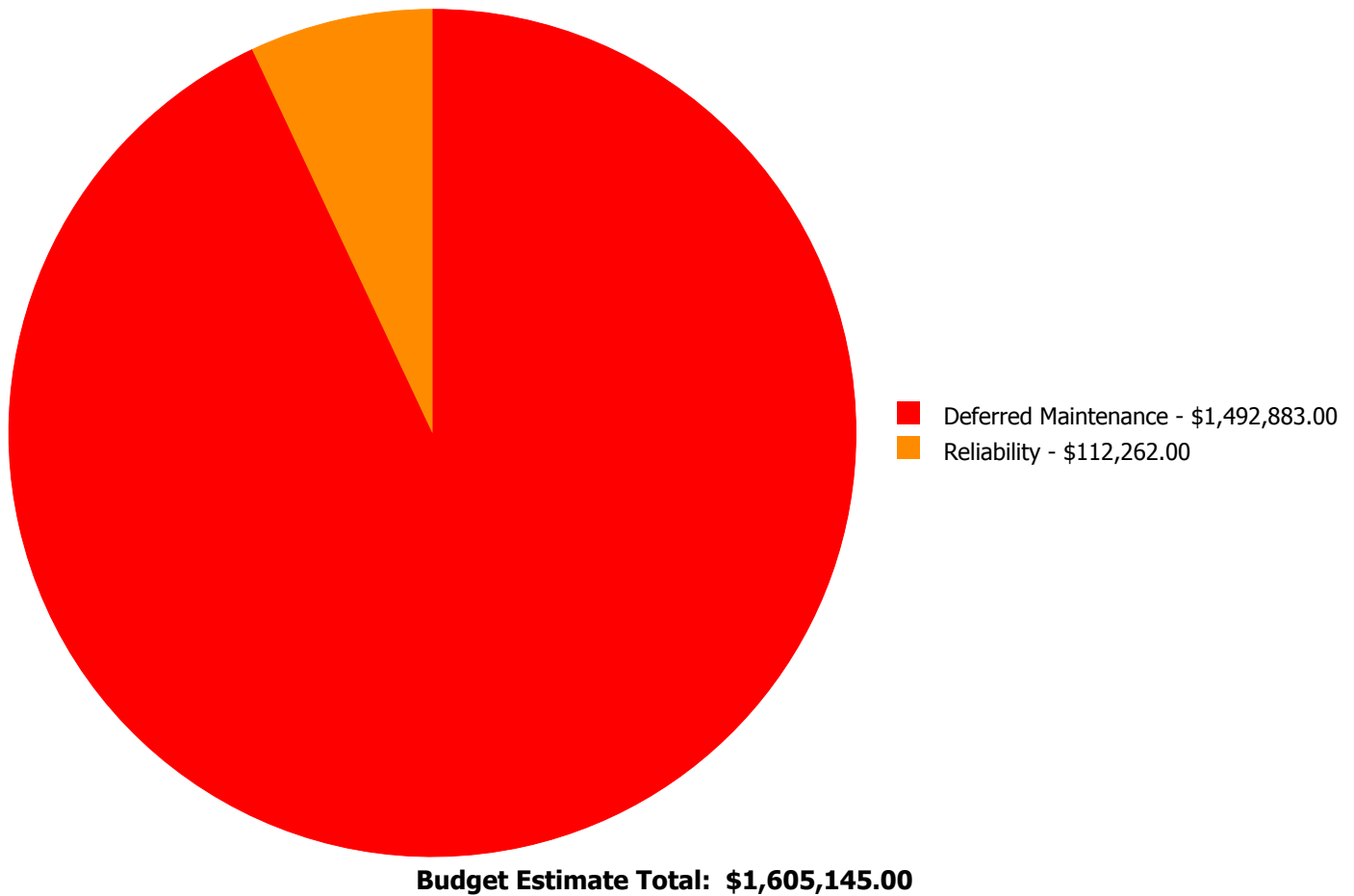
Deficiency By Priority Investment Table

The table below shows the current investment cost grouped by deficiency priority and building system.

System Code	System Description	1 - Critical Immediate Need	2 - Trending Critical (Year 1)	3 - Necessary (Years 2-5)	4 - Recommended (Years 6-10)	5 - Grandfathered Project triggered	Total
C3020405	Epoxy	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$45,625.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$45,625.00
C3020901	Carpet	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$44,649.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$44,649.00
C3020903	VCT	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$370,568.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$370,568.00
C3020999	Other - Rubber or Neoprene	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$162,468.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$162,468.00
D3050	Terminal & Package Units	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$611,922.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$611,922.00
D3060	Controls & Instrumentation	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$202,440.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$202,440.00
D4090	Other Fire Protection Systems	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$55,211.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$55,211.00
D5090	Other Electrical Systems	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$112,262.00	\$0.00	\$112,262.00
	Total:	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,492,883.00	\$112,262.00	\$0.00	\$1,605,145.00

Deficiency Summary by Category

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by deficiency categories. Assessors assigned deficiencies to one of the following categories:



Deficiency Details by Priority

The deficiency detail notes listed below provide additional information on identified deficiencies found within the facility.

Priority 3 - Necessary (Years 2-5):

System: C3020405 - Epoxy



Location: Restrooms
Distress: Beyond Expected Life
Category: Deferred Maintenance
Priority: 3 - Necessary (Years 2-5)
Correction: Renew System
Qty: 2,235.00
Unit of Measure: S.F.
Estimate: \$45,625.00
Assessor Name: Jejuan Hall
Date Created: 11/18/2019

Notes: The epoxy floor finish is beyond its expected service life, worn and damaged, and is recommended for replacement.

System: C3020901 - Carpet



Location: Media Center
Distress: Beyond Expected Life
Category: Deferred Maintenance
Priority: 3 - Necessary (Years 2-5)
Correction: Renew System
Qty: 5,412.00
Unit of Measure: S.F.
Estimate: \$44,649.00
Assessor Name: Jejuan Hall
Date Created: 11/18/2019

Notes: The carpet floor finish is beyond its expected service life, worn and damaged, and is recommended for replacement.

System: C3020903 - VCT



Location: Throughout Building
Distress: Beyond Expected Life
Category: Deferred Maintenance
Priority: 3 - Necessary (Years 2-5)
Correction: Renew System
Qty: 68,700.00
Unit of Measure: S.F.
Estimate: \$370,568.00
Assessor Name: Jejuan Hall
Date Created: 11/18/2019

Notes: The VCT floor finish is beyond its expected service life, worn and damaged, and is recommended for replacement.

System: C3020999 - Other - Rubber or Neoprene



Location: Throughout Building
Distress: Beyond Expected Life
Category: Deferred Maintenance
Priority: 3 - Necessary (Years 2-5)
Correction: Renew System
Qty: 5,538.00
Unit of Measure: S.F.
Estimate: \$162,468.00
Assessor Name: Jejuan Hall
Date Created: 11/18/2019

Notes: The Rubber or Neoprene floor finish is beyond its expected service life, worn and damaged, and is recommended for replacement.

System: D3050 - Terminal & Package Units



Location: Roof
Distress: Beyond Expected Life
Category: Deferred Maintenance
Priority: 3 - Necessary (Years 2-5)
Correction: Renew System
Qty: 83,653.00
Unit of Measure: S.F.
Estimate: \$611,922.00
Assessor Name: Jejuan Hall
Date Created: 09/30/2019

Notes: The terminal and package units are at the end of their useful life. The system is functional however upgrades are warranted.

System: D3060 - Controls & Instrumentation



Location: Kitchen
Distress: Beyond Expected Life
Category: Deferred Maintenance
Priority: 3 - Necessary (Years 2-5)
Correction: Renew System
Qty: 83,653.00
Unit of Measure: S.F.
Estimate: \$202,440.00
Assessor Name: Jejuan Hall
Date Created: 09/30/2019

Notes: The Controls Instrumentation are original. Several issues have surfaced over recent years and isolated upgrades have taken place to support the systems. This deficiency provides a budgetary consideration for a universal upgrade.

System: D4090 - Other Fire Protection Systems



Location: Kitchen
Distress: Beyond Expected Life
Category: Deferred Maintenance
Priority: 3 - Necessary (Years 2-5)
Correction: Renew System
Qty: 83,653.00
Unit of Measure: S.F.
Estimate: \$55,211.00
Assessor Name: Jejuan Hall
Date Created: 09/30/2019

Notes: The exhaust hood system is original. This building high traffic use warrants upgrades to this system based on usage and age. This deficiency provides a budgetary consideration for universal upgrades to the system.

Priority 4 - Recommended (Years 6-10):

System: D5090 - Other Electrical Systems

This deficiency has no image.

Location: 2003 Bldg 2010
Distress: Missing
Category: Reliability
Priority: 4 - Recommended (Years 6-10)
Correction: Renew System
Qty: 83,653.00
Unit of Measure: S.F.
Estimate: \$112,262.00
Assessor Name: Jejuan Hall
Date Created: 08/14/2013

Notes: No Emergency Generator installed, client requested standard.

Executive Summary

The condition of a Campus is the accumulation of the condition evaluations of the component buildings and the site. Building condition is evaluated based on the functional systems and elements of a building and organized according to the **UNIFORMAT II Elemental Classification**. eCOMET uses parametric estimating methodology whereby historical costs for systems, components and equipment are collected by entities such as RSMeans and converted to unit costs, typically \$/SF, and used to approximate future construction costs or replacement values. The grouping of these systems and elements and applying a current replacement value to them develops a representative building cost model. Cost Models are developed for similar building types and functions. Systems and their elements are evaluated based on their current replacement values, life cycles, installation dates and next renewal dates. Systems and their elements that are within their useful lives are further evaluated to identify current deficient conditions that may have a significant impact on a system's or element's remaining service life, and to determine if they are beyond their predicted expected life. The system's or element's current replacement value is based on RS Means Commercial Cost Data.

Following are the cost model's system details for this facility. The **Current Replacement Value (CRV)** is the amount needed to replace the property of the same present scope. The **Repair Cost** (the sum of the cost to repair/replace the Deficiencies) represents the budgeted contractor-installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging of the work. **Facility Condition Index (FCI)** is an industry-standard measurement of facility condition calculated as the ratio of the costs to correct a facility's deficiencies (Condition Needs) to the facility's Current Replacement Value. It ranges from 0% (new) to 100% (very poor - beyond service life). The **Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI)** is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's **Remaining Service Life (RSL)** divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft-cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100% (new) to 0% (expired). The relationship between the key metrics FCI and RSLI is an important indicator, at either the facility, building, system, or component levels, of the condition trend and the imminent need for capital renewal. These indices exist in an inverse relationship wherein the FCI increases when systems reach their expected life-cycle age, whereas the RSLI decreases annually indicating the relative time remaining before reaching the life-cycle expiration age. For example, a facility or a system with a high RSLI and a low FCI indicates it is in the early portion of its useful life. However, a low RSLI indicates that expiration dates are approaching at which point the FCI would increase. The term **FCA Score** is the inverse of Total FCI and calculated as 100-Total FCI (without the %) where 100 is best and 0 is worst condition.

Function:

Gross Area (SF): 83,653

Year Built: 2003

Last Renovation:

Replacement Value: \$2,564,802

Repair Cost: \$0.00

Total FCI: 0.00 %

Total RSLI: 48.85 %

FCA Score: 100.00



Description:

The narrative for this site is included in the Executive Summary Description at the front of this report.

Attributes: This asset has no attributes.

Dashboard Summary

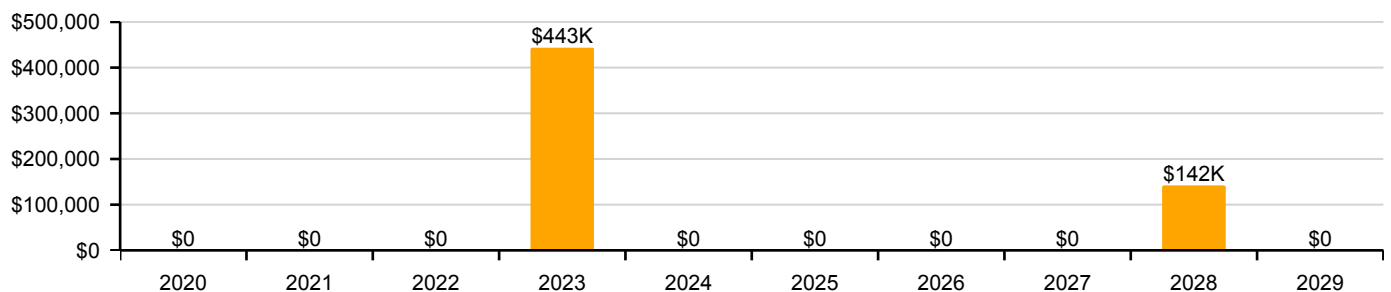
Function:		Gross Area:	83,653
Year Built:	2003	Last Renovation:	
Repair Cost:	\$0	Replacement Value:	\$2,564,802
FCI:	0.00 %	RSLI%:	48.85 %

No data found for this asset

No data found for this asset

No data found for this asset

10 Year Investment Forecast



Condition Summary

The Table below shows the RSLI and FCI for each major building system shown at the UNIFORMAT II classification Level 2. Note that Systems with lower FCIs require less investment than systems with higher FCIs.

UNIFORMAT Classification	RSLI %	FCI %	Current Repair Cost
G20 - Site Improvements	45.12 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
G30 - Site Mechanical Utilities	68.00 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
G40 - Site Electrical Utilities	46.67 %	0.00 %	\$0.00
Totals:	48.85 %	0.00 %	\$0.00

Photo Album

The photo album consists of the various cardinal compass directions of the building..



Condition Detail

This section of the report contains results of the Facility Condition Assessment. The building is separated into system components based on UNIFORMAT II. The columns in the System Listing table represent the following:

1. System Code: A code that identifies the system.
2. System Description: A brief description of a system present in the building.
3. Unit Price \$: The unit price of the system.
4. UoM: The unit of measure of the system.
5. Qty: The quantity for the system
6. Life: Building Owners and Managers Association (BOMA) recommended system design life.
7. Year Installed: The date of system installation.
8. Calc Next Renewal Year: The date of system expiration based on the life, NR stands for non renewable.
9. Next Renewal Year: The suggested system expiration date by the assessor based on visual inspection.
10. RSLI: The Remaining Service Life Index of the system.
11. FCI: The Facility Condition Index of the system.
12. RSL: Remaining Service Life in years.
13. eCR: eCOMET Condition Rating (not used in this assessment)
14. Deficiency \$: The financial investment to repair/replace system to address deficiency.
15. Replacement Value \$: The replacement cost of the system as new construction.

System Listing

The System Listing table below lists each of the systems organized by their UNIFORMAT II classification. The assessment team was tasked with recording the most recent replacement year of each system, determining the remaining service life based on the theoretical life, and evaluating the condition to confirm the forecast next replacement year. The system listing is the basis for all data contained in the Building Assessment Report.

System Code	System Description	Unit Price \$	UoM	Qty	Life	Year Installed	Calc Next Renewal Year	Next Renewal Year	RSLI%	FCI%	RSL	eCR	Deficiency \$	Replacement Value \$
G2010	Roadways	\$2.37	S.F.	83,653	35	2003	2038		54.29 %	0.00 %	19			\$198,258
G2020	Parking Lots	\$8.00	S.F.	83,653	35	2003	2038		54.29 %	0.00 %	19			\$669,224
G2030	Pedestrian Paving	\$2.33	S.F.	83,653	35	2003	2038		54.29 %	0.00 %	19			\$194,911
G2040105	Fence & Guardrails	\$1.15	S.F.	83,653	30	2003	2033		46.67 %	0.00 %	14			\$96,201
G2040950	Playing Field	\$4.28	S.F.	83,653	20	2003	2023		20.00 %	0.00 %	4			\$358,035
G2050	Landscaping	\$1.18	S.F.	83,653	25	2003	2028		36.00 %	0.00 %	9			\$98,711
G3010	Water Supply	\$1.09	S.F.	83,653	50	2003	2053		68.00 %	0.00 %	34			\$91,182
G3020	Sanitary Sewer	\$2.20	S.F.	83,653	50	2003	2053		68.00 %	0.00 %	34			\$184,037
G3030	Storm Sewer	\$1.25	S.F.	83,653	50	2003	2053		68.00 %	0.00 %	34			\$104,566
G4010	Electrical Distribution	\$2.55	S.F.	83,653	30	2003	2033		46.67 %	0.00 %	14			\$213,315
G4020	Site Lighting	\$2.98	S.F.	83,653	30	2003	2033		46.67 %	0.00 %	14			\$249,286
G4030	Site Communication and Security	\$1.28	S.F.	83,653	30	2003	2033		46.67 %	0.00 %	14			\$107,076
Total									48.85 %					\$2,564,802

System Notes

The facility description in the executive summary contains an overview of each system. The system notes listed below provide additional information on select systems found within the facility.

System: G2010 - Roadways



Note:

System: G2020 - Parking Lots



Note:

System: G2030 - Pedestrian Paving



Note:

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System: G2040105 - Fence & Guardrails



Note:

System: G2040950 - Playing Field



Note:

System: G2050 - Landscaping



Note:

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System: G3010 - Water Supply



Note:

System: G3030 - Storm Sewer



Note:

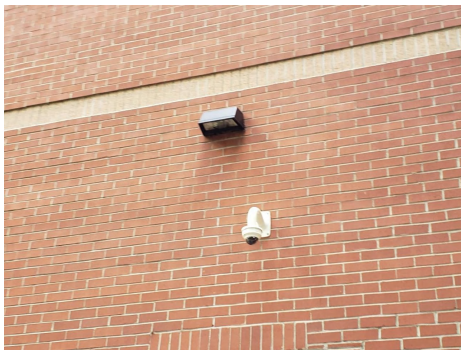
System: G4010 - Electrical Distribution



Note:

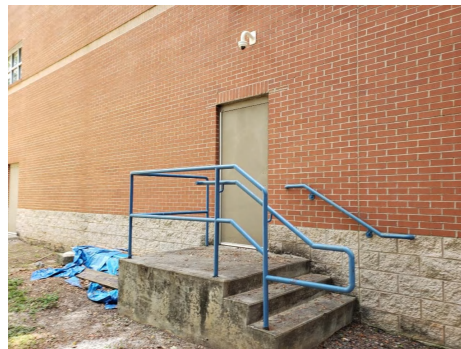
School Assessment Report - Site

System: G4020 - Site Lighting



Note:

System: G4030 - Site Communication and Security



Note:

Renewal Schedule

eCOMET forecasts future Capital Renewal projects for expiring systems based on the Calculated Next Renewal year found in the System Listing table. There is a 3% yearly inflation factor applied to the system costs expiring in the future. The table below reflects Capital Renewal projects over the next 10 years. Note: Blank cells (or \$0) indicate no systems are scheduled for renewal in that year.

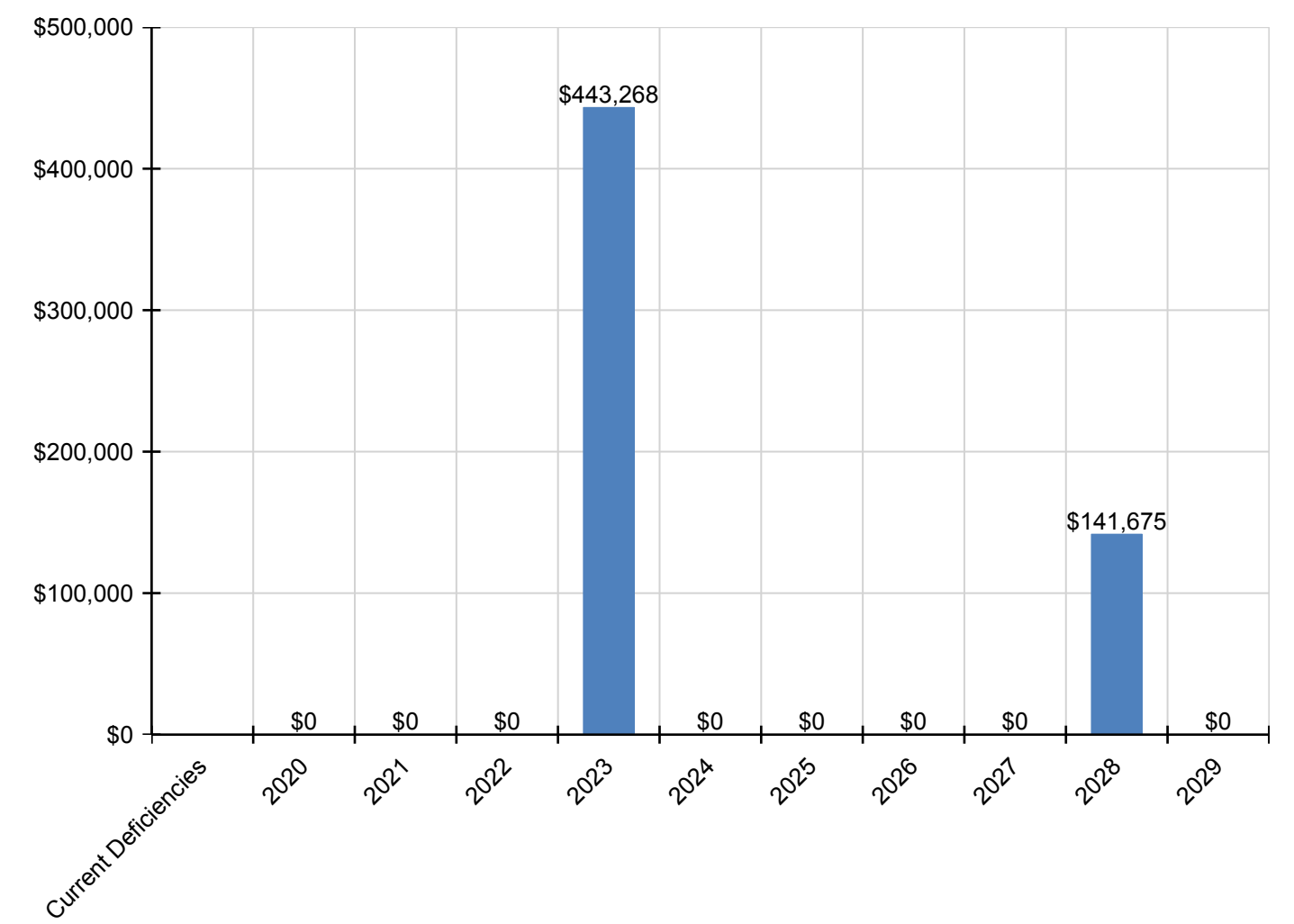
Inflation Rate: 3%

System	Current Deficiencies	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	Total
Total:		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$443,268	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$141,675	\$0	\$584,943
G - Building Sitework	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G20 - Site Improvements	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2010 - Roadways	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2020 - Parking Lots	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2030 - Pedestrian Paving	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040 - Site Development	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040105 - Fence & Guardrails	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G2040950 - Playing Field	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$443,268	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$443,268
G2050 - Landscaping	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$141,675	\$0	\$141,675
G30 - Site Mechanical Utilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G3010 - Water Supply	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G3020 - Sanitary Sewer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G3030 - Storm Sewer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G40 - Site Electrical Utilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G4010 - Electrical Distribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G4020 - Site Lighting	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
G4030 - Site Communication and Security	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

* Indicates non-renewable system

Forecasted Capital Renewal Requirement

The following chart shows the current building deficiencies and forecasted capital renewal (sustainment) requirements over the next ten years.

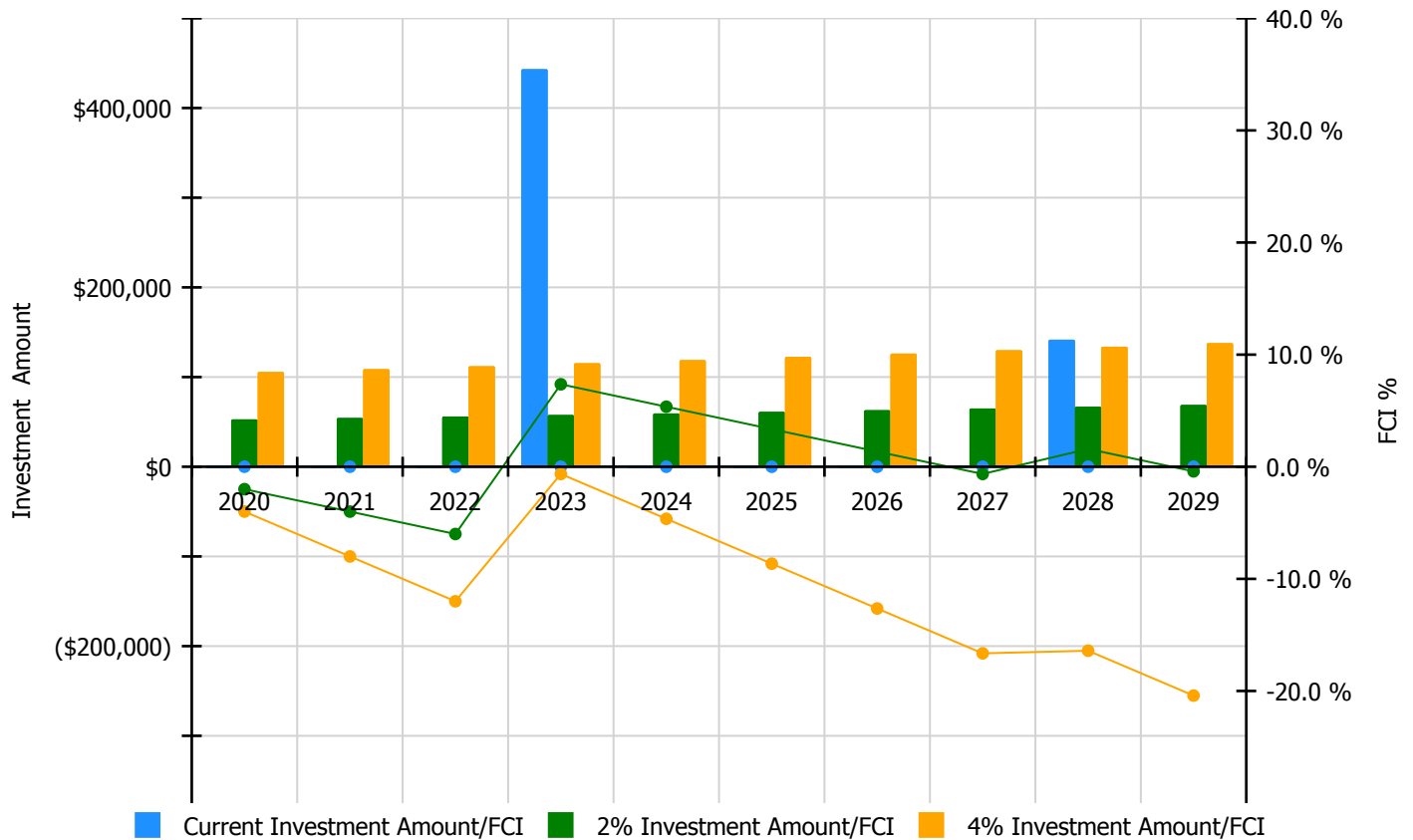


Condition Index Forecast by Investment Scenario

The chart below illustrates the effect of various investment levels on the building FCI for the next 10 years. The levels of investment shown below include:

- Current FCI: a variable investment amount based on renewing expired systems to maintain the current FCI for the building
- 2% Investment: an annual investment of 2% of the replacement value of the building, escalated for inflation
- 4% Investment: an annual investment of 4% of the replacement value of the building, escalated for inflation

Facility Investment vs. FCI Forecast



Year	Investment Amount Current FCI - 0%	2% Investment		4% Investment	
		Amount	FCI	Amount	FCI
2020	\$0	\$52,835.00	-2.00 %	\$105,670.00	-4.00 %
2021	\$0	\$54,420.00	-4.00 %	\$108,840.00	-8.00 %
2022	\$0	\$56,053.00	-6.00 %	\$112,105.00	-12.00 %
2023	\$443,268	\$57,734.00	7.36 %	\$115,468.00	-0.64 %
2024	\$0	\$59,466.00	5.36 %	\$118,932.00	-4.64 %
2025	\$0	\$61,250.00	3.36 %	\$122,500.00	-8.64 %
2026	\$0	\$63,088.00	1.36 %	\$126,175.00	-12.64 %
2027	\$0	\$64,980.00	-0.64 %	\$129,961.00	-16.64 %
2028	\$141,675	\$66,930.00	1.59 %	\$133,859.00	-16.41 %
2029	\$0	\$68,938.00	-0.41 %	\$137,875.00	-20.41 %
Total:	\$584,943	\$605,694.00		\$1,211,385.00	

Deficiency Summary by System

Current deficiencies included assemblies that have reached or exceeded their design life or components of the assemblies that are in need of repair. Assemblies that have reached their design life are identified as current deficiencies and assigned the distress 'Beyond Useful Life'. The following chart lists all current deficiencies associated with this facility.

No data found for this asset

Deficiency Summary by Priority

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by priority. Assessors assigned deficiencies within eCOMET to one of the following priority categories:

No data found for this asset

Deficiency By Priority Investment Table

The table below shows the current investment cost grouped by deficiency priority and building system.

No data found for this asset

Deficiency Summary by Category

The following chart shows the total repair costs broken down by deficiency categories. Assessors assigned deficiencies to one of the following categories:

No data found for this asset

Deficiency Details by Priority

The deficiency detail notes listed below provide additional information on identified deficiencies found within the facility.

No data found for this asset

Glossary

Abandoned	A facility owned by the city that is not occupied and not maintained. See Vacant.
Additional Cost	Total project cost is composed of hard and soft costs. Additional costs or soft expenses are costs that are necessary to accomplish the corrective work but are not directly attributable to the deficient systems direct construction cost, which are often referred to as hard cost. The components included in the soft costs vary by owner but usually include architect and contractor fees, contingencies and other owner-incurred costs necessary to fully develop and build a facility. These soft cost factors can be adjusted anytime within the eCOMET database at the owner's discretion.
Assessment	Visual survey of a facility to determine its condition. It involves looking at the age of systems, reviewing information from local sources and visual evidence of potential problems to assign a condition rating. It does not include destructive testing of materials or testing of systems or equipment for functionality.
ASTM	ASTM International (ASTM): Originally known as the American Society for Testing and Materials, ASTM is an international standards organization that develops and publishes voluntary consensus technical standards for a wide range of materials, products, systems, and services.
BOMA	Building Owners Managers of America (BOMA): National organization of public and private facility owners focused on building management tools and maintenance techniques. eCOMET® reference: Building and component system effective economic life expectancies.
Building	A fully enclosed and roofed structure that can be traversed internally without exiting to the exterior.
Building Addition	An area, space or component of a building added to a building after the original building's year built date. NOTE: As a convention in the database, "Main" was used to designate the original building. Additions built prior to 1987 (30 years) were included in the main building area calculations to reflect their predicted system depreciation characteristics and remaining service life.
Building Systems	eCOMET® uses UNIFORMAT II to organize building data. UNIFORMAT II was originally developed by the federal General Services Administration to delineate building costs by systems rather than by material. UNIFORMAT II was formalized by an NIST standard, NISTIR 6389 in 1999. It has been further quantified and updated by ASTM standard 2005, E1557-05. The Construction Specifications Institute, CSI, has taken over the standard as part of their MasterFormat / MasterSpec system.
Calculated Next Renewal	The year a system or building element would be expected to expire based solely on the date it was installed and the expected useful lifetime for that kind of system.
Capital Renewal	Capital renewal refers to the cyclical replacement of building systems or elements as they become obsolete or beyond their useful life. It is not normally included in an annual operating/maintenance budget. See calculated next renewal and next renewal.
City Cost Index (CCI)	RS Means provides building system, equipment, and construction costs at a national level. The City Cost Index (also provided by RS Means) localizes those costs to a geographic region of the United States. In eCOMET®, each building or site is assigned a City Cost Index, which adjusts all of the associated costs for systems, deficiencies and inventory to the local value.
Condition	Condition refers to the state of physical fitness or readiness of a facility system or system element for its intended use.
Condition Budget	The Condition Budget, also known as Condition Needs, represents the budgeted contractor installed costs plus owner's soft costs for the repair, replacement or renewal for a component or system level deficiency. It excludes contributing costs for other components or systems that might also be associated with the corrective actions due to packaging the work.

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Condition Index (CI) %	The Condition Index (CI) also known as the Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI) is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's Remaining Service Life (RSL) Value divided by the sum of a system's Replacement Value (both values exclude soft cost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100.00% (new) to 0.00% (expired - no remaining life).
Correction	Correction refers to an assessor's recommended deficiency repair or replacement action. For any system or element deficiency, there can be multiple and alternative solutions for its repair or replacement. A Correction is user defined and tied to a UNIFORMAT II element, or system it is intended to address. It excludes other peripheral costs that may also be included in the packaging of repair, replacement or renewal improvements that may also be triggered by the deficiency correction.
Cost Model	A cost model is a list of facility systems which could represent the installed systems a given facility. Included in the cost model are standard unit cost estimates, gross areas, life cycles and installed dates. Also represented is the repair cost for deficient systems, replacement values. See eCOMET® cost models.
Criteria	Criteria refer to the set of requirements, guidelines or standards that are assessed and rated to develop a score.
Current Period	The Current Period is the current year plus a user defined number of forward years.
Current Replacement Value (CRV)	The Current Replacement Value (CRV) of a facility, building or system represents the hypothetical cost of rebuilding or replacing an existing facility under today's codes and construction standards, using its current configuration. It is calculated by multiplying the gross area of the facility by a square foot cost developed in that facility's cost model. Replacement cost includes construction costs and owner's additional or soft costs for fees, permits and other expenses to reflect a total project cost.
Deferred Maintenance	Deferred maintenance is condition work deferred on a planned or unplanned basis to a future budget cycle or postponed until funds are available.
Deficiency	A deficiency is a repair item that is damaged, missing, inadequate or insufficient for an intended purpose.
Deficiency Category	Category refers to the type or class of a user defined deficiency grouping with shared or similar characteristics. Category descriptions include, but are not limited to: Accessibility Code Compliance, Appearance, Building Code Compliance, Deferred Maintenance, Energy, Environmental, Life Safety Code Compliance, and Safety.
Deficiency Priority	Priority refers to a deficiency's urgency for repair as determined by the assessment team. Five typical industry priority settings were used for the assessment: Priority 1 – Currently Critical; Priority 2 – Potentially Critical; Priority 3 – Necessary/Not Yet Critical; Priority 4 – Recommended.
Distress	Distress refers to a user-defined root cause of a deficiency. Distress descriptions are: Beyond Service Life, Damaged, Inadequate, Needs Remediation, and Missing.
eCOMET®	Energy and Condition Management Estimation Technology (eCOMET®) is Parsons proprietary facility asset management software developed to provide facility managers with a state of the art, web-based tool to develop and maintain a comprehensive database of FCA data and information used for facility asset management, maintenance and repair, and capital renewal planning. eCOMET® is used by Parsons and its clients as the primary tool for collecting FCA data, preparing cost estimates, generating individual facility reports and cost estimates, and developing the overall capital renewal program.
eCOMET® Cost Models	eCOMET cost models are derived from RS Means Square Foot Cost Data cost models and these models are used to develop the current replacement value (CRV) and assign life cycle costs to the various systems within a building. Cost models are assigned current costs-per-square-foot to establish replacement values. The Cost models are designed to represent a client specific facility that meets local standards cost trends.

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Element	Elements are the major components that comprise building systems as defined by UNIFORMAT II.
Expected Life	Also referred to as Useful Life. See Useful Life definition.
Facility	A facility refers to site(s) building(s) or building addition(s) or combinations thereof that provide a particular service.
Facility Attributes	Customizable eCOMET fields to identify attributes specific to a facility. These fields are part of the eCOMET database set-up with the owner.
Facility Condition Assessment (FCA)	A facility condition assessment (FCA) is a visual inspection of buildings and grounds at a facility to identify and estimate current and future needed repairs or replacements of major systems for planning and budgeting purposes. It is typically performed for organizations that are tasked with the day to day maintenance, operation, and capital renewal (replacement) of building systems and components of a large inventory of facilities. The primary goal of an FCA is to objectively and quantifiably identify, inspect, and prioritize the repair and replacement needs of the building and ground systems (e.g., roofs, windows, doors, floor finishes, plumbing fixtures, parking lot, and sidewalks) within facilities that have either failed or have surpassed their service life, and to identify and forecast future capital replacement needs for systems that have not yet failed, but planned replacement of those systems is needed to ensure that the facilities will continue to meet the mission of the organization.
Facility Condition Index (FCI%)	FCI is an industry-standard measurement of a facility's condition that is the ratio of the cost to correct a facility's deficiencies to the Current Replacement Value of the facilities. The higher the FCI the poorer the condition of a facility. After an FCI is established for all buildings within a portfolio a building's condition can be ranked relative to other buildings. The FCI may also represent the condition of a portfolio based on the cumulative FCIs of the portfolio's facilities.
Forecast Period	The Forecast Period refers to a user defined number of years forward of the Current Period.
Gen (Generate)	The Cost Model has a Gen box for each system line item. By checking the box, eCOMET will generate life cycle deficiencies based on the Year Installed and the Life for that system. Systems that typically do not re-generate (foundations, floor construction, roof construction, basement walls, etc.) would not have the Gen box checked as those systems would not re-generate at the end of a life cycle. In those instances, it would be more practical and cost effective to demolish the entire facility than re-new those systems.
Gross Square Feet (GSF)	The size of the enclosed floor space of a building in square feet measured to the outside face of the enclosing wall.
Life Cycle	Life cycle refers to the period of time that a building or site system or element can be expected to adequately serve its intended function. Parsons assigns expected life cycles to all building systems based on Building Operators and Managers of America (BOMA) recommended life cycles, manufacturers suggested life, and RS Means cost data, and client-provided historical data. BOMA standards are a nationally recognized source of life cycle data for various components and/or systems associated with facilities. RS Means is a national company specializing in construction estimating and costs.
Next Renewal	Next Renewal refers to a manually-adjusted expected useful life of a system or element based on on-site inspection either by reducing or extending the Calculated Next Renewal to more accurately reflect current conditions.
Order of Magnitude	Order of Magnitude refers to a rough approximation made with a degree of knowledge and confidence that the budgeted, projected or estimated cost falls within a reasonable range of cost values.
Remaining Service Life (RSL)	RSL is the number of years service remaining for a system or equipment item. It is automatically calculated based on the difference between the current year and the 'Calculated Next Renewal' date or the 'Next Renewal' date whichever one is the later date.

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Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI)	The Remaining Service Life Index (RSLI), also known as the Condition Index (CI), is calculated as the sum of a renewable system's or component's Remaining Service Life (RSL) Value divided by the sum of a system's or component's Replacement Value (both values exclude softcost to simplify calculation updates) expressed as a percentage ranging from 100.00% (new) to 0.00% (expired - no remaining service life).
Remaining Service Life Value	Remaining Service Life Value, also known as the RSL Weight, is a calculated value used to determine the RSLI and is equal to the system Value (Unit Cost * Qty) * RSL (not displayed).
Renewal Factors	Renewal factors represent the difference in cost of renovating or replacing an existing system, rather than new construction of a building system. For example, installing a new built-up roof on an existing building would include removing and disposing of the old roof, a cost not associated with new construction. Using a renewal premium to account for demolition and other difficulty costs, Parsons typically assigns a renewal factor of 110%.
Renewal Schedule	A timeline that provides the items that need repair the year in which the repair is needed and the estimated price of the renewal.
Repair Cost	Repair cost is the sum of all the deficiencies associated with a building or multiple buildings/facilities. It will include any applied soft costs or City Cost Indexes.
Replacement Value	See Current Replacement Value.
Site	A facility's grounds and its utilities, roadways, landscaping, fencing and other typical land improvements needed to support a facility.
Soft Costs	Soft Costs are a construction industry term that refers to expense items that are not considered direct construction costs. Soft costs are user-defined and include architectural, engineering, management, testing, and mitigation fees, and other owner pre- and post-construction expenses.
Sustainability	Sustainability refers to the collection of policies and strategies that meet society's present needs without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.
System	System refers to building and related site work elements as described by ASTM Uniformat II Classification for Building Elements (E1557-97) a format for classifying major facility elements common to most buildings. Elements usually perform a given function regardless of the design specification construction method or materials used. See also Uniformat II.
System Generated Deficiency	eCOMET automatically generates system deficiencies based on system life cycles using the systems installation dates as the base year. By adjusting the Next Renewal date ahead or behind the predicted or stated life cycle date, a system cost will come due earlier or later than the originally installed life cycle date. This utility accounts for good maintenance conditions and a longer life, or early expiration of a system life due to any number of adverse factors such as poor installation, acts of god, material defects, poor design applications and other factors that may shorten the life of a material or system. It is important to mention that the condition of the systems is not necessarily a reflection of maintenance practices, but a combination of system usage and age.
UNIFORMAT	ASTM UNIFORMAT II, Classification for Building Elements (E1557-97), a publication of the Construction Specification Institute (CSI), is a format used to classify major facility components common to most buildings. The format is based on functional elements or parts of a facility characterized by their functions without regard to the materials and methods used to accomplish them. These elements are often referred to as systems or assemblies.
Unit Price	The Unit Price (Raw) x the Additional Cost Template percentage.
Unit Price (Raw)	The actual \$/sq. ft. cost being used for the building and systems. It will include adjustments for the City Cost Index applied to the facility.

Useful Life	Also known as Expected Life, Useful Life refers to the intrinsic period of time a system or element is expected to perform as intended. Useful life is generally provided by manufacturers of materials, systems and elements through their literature, testing and experience. Useful Lives in the database are derived from the Building Owners and Managers (BOMA) organization's guidelines, RSMeans cost data, and from client- defined historical experience.
Vacant	Vacant refers to a facility that is not occupied but is a maintained facility. See Abandoned.
Year Built	The year that a building or addition was originally built based on substantial completion or occupancy.
Year Installed	The year a system or element was built or the most recent major renovation date where a minimum of 70% of the system's Current Replacement Value (CRV) was replaced.



Suitability Report - Full

Project #: 12382	County: Atlanta Public Schools	Site #: 0303
Project: APS Assessments 2019	Region: 761	Site: Bolton Academy
Grade Config: PK-5	Site Type: Elementary	Site Size: 4.00

Suitability	Rating	Score	Possible Score	Percent Score
Suitability - ES				
Learning Environment				
Learning Style Variety	Good	4.00	5.00	80.00
Interior Environment	Fair	1.30	2.00	65.00
Exterior Environment	Good	1.20	1.50	80.00
General Classrooms				
Environment	Fair	3.02	4.65	65.00
Size	Excel	11.63	11.63	100.00
Location	Excel	3.49	3.49	100.00
Storage/Fixed Equip	Good	2.79	3.49	80.00
Kindergarten				
Environment	Good	0.33	0.42	80.00
Size	Excel	1.04	1.04	100.00
Location	Good	0.25	0.31	80.00
Storage/Fixed Equip	Good	0.25	0.31	80.00
ECE				
Environment	Good	0.40	0.50	80.00
Size	Excel	1.25	1.25	100.00
Location	Fair	0.24	0.37	65.00
Storage/Fixed Equip	Good	0.30	0.37	80.00
Self-Contained Special Ed				
Environment	(N/A)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Size	(N/A)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Location	(N/A)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Storage/Fixed Equip	(N/A)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Instructional Resource Rooms				
Environment	Good	0.58	0.72	80.00
Size	Excel	1.80	1.80	100.00
Location	Good	0.43	0.54	80.00
Storage/Fixed Equip	Good	0.43	0.54	80.00
Science				
Environment	Good	0.32	0.40	80.00
Size	Good	0.80	1.00	80.00
Location	Good	0.24	0.30	80.00
Storage/Fixed Equip	Good	0.24	0.30	80.00
Music				
Environment	Excel	0.74	0.74	100.00

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Project: APS Assessments 2019

Region: 761

Site: Bolton Academy

Grade Config: PK-5

Site Type: Elementary

Site Size: 4.00

Suitability	Rating	Score	Possible Score	Percent Score
Size	Excel	1.85	1.85	100.00
Location	Good	0.44	0.56	80.00
Storage/Fixed Equip	Good	0.44	0.56	80.00
Art				
Environment	Good	0.37	0.47	80.00
Size	Excel	1.17	1.17	100.00
Location	Good	0.28	0.35	80.00
Storage/Fixed Equip	Good	0.28	0.35	80.00
Maker Space				
Environment	(N/A)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Size	(N/A)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Location	(N/A)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Storage/Fixed Equip	(N/A)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Computer Labs				
Environment	Fair	0.22	0.34	65.00
Size	Fair	0.55	0.85	65.00
Location	Good	0.20	0.26	80.00
Storage/Fixed Equip	Good	0.20	0.26	80.00
P.E.				
Environment	Fair	1.25	1.92	65.00
Size	Excel	4.80	4.80	100.00
Location	Good	1.15	1.44	80.00
Storage/Fixed Equip	Good	1.15	1.44	80.00
Performing Arts				
Environment	Good	0.48	0.60	80.00
Size	Good	1.21	1.51	80.00
Location	Good	0.36	0.45	80.00
Storage/Fixed Equip	Good	0.36	0.45	80.00
Media Center				
Environment	Good	0.78	0.97	80.00
Size	Excel	2.44	2.44	100.00
Location	Excel	0.73	0.73	100.00
Storage/Fixed Equip	Excel	0.73	0.73	100.00
Restrooms (Student)	Poor	0.44	0.89	50.00
Administration	Good	2.05	2.56	80.00
Counseling	Good	0.23	0.29	80.00
Clinic	Fair	0.38	0.58	65.00
Staff WkRm/Toilets	Good	1.01	1.27	80.00
Cafeteria	Good	4.00	5.00	80.00
Food Service and Prep	Good	4.96	6.20	80.00
Custodial and Maintenance	Good	0.40	0.50	80.00
Outside				
Vehicular Traffic	Fair	1.30	2.00	65.00
Pedestrian Traffic	Fair	0.63	0.97	65.00
Parking	Poor	0.41	0.81	50.00
Play Areas	Good	1.87	2.34	80.00

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Region: 761

Site: Bolton Academy

Grade Config: PK-5

Site Type: Elementary

Site Size: 4.00

Suitability	Rating	Score	Possible Score	Percent Score
Safety and Security				
Fencing	Poor	0.38	0.75	50.00
Signage & Way Finding	Fair	0.65	1.00	65.00
Ease of Supervision	Good	2.40	3.00	80.00
Controlled Entrances	Poor	0.25	0.50	50.00
Total For Site:		79.92	95.85	83.38

Comments

Suitability - ES

Bolton Academy is a neighborhood school that serves students in grades PK-5. The building is two stories with post-modern architectural design. The school has an International Baccalaureate and dual language immersion programs.

Suitability - ES->Learning Environment-->Interior Environment

The HVAC system is inconsistent throughout the building with temperatures that are either extremely hot or cold.

Suitability - ES->General Classrooms-->Environment

The air temperature varies significantly throughout the building. There are also areas that emit foul odor.

Suitability - ES->ECE-->Location

There is no access to a separated fenced outdoor play area.

Suitability - ES->Computer Labs-->Environment

There are power poles that drop in the middle of the room which cause some visual obstruction.

Suitability - ES->Computer Labs-->Size

The computer lab is 75% of the standard.

Suitability - ES->P.E.-->Environment

The vinyl flooring is bubbling and causing a trip hazard in the space.

Suitability - ES->Restrooms (Student)

There is an excessive odor throughout most of the restrooms indicating a poor exhaust system. The privacy to the restrooms are not designed appropriately and do not accommodate modesty of the students.

Suitability - ES->Clinic

There is not appropriate locked storage for refrigerated medications.

Suitability - ES->Outside-->Vehicular Traffic

There is congestion due to the merge of busses, vans and personal vehicles into the site causing traffic incidents.

Suitability - ES->Outside-->Pedestrian Traffic

Walkers do not have a paved route defining their path of travel.

Suitability - ES->Outside-->Parking

There is not enough parking on site to accommodate all the staff and faculty. There is not enough lighting or cameras to provide a safe environment.

Suitability - ES->Safety and Security-->Fencing

The site is not entirely fenced around the play areas.

Suitability - ES->Safety and Security-->Signage & Way Finding

There is no signage to direct visitors to the main entrance from the parking lot.

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Suitability

Rating

Score

**Possible
Score**

**Percent
Score**

Suitability - ES->Safety and Security-->Controlled Entrances

The vestibule is not secured prior to entering into the office, a person may easily enter the school upon entering through the first set of doors.